

# MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

MAIN CAMPUS

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR

FIRST YEAR, SECOND TRIMESTER EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE

OF

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN OPTOMETRY AND VISION SCIENCES

**COURSE CODE: BOY 110** 

COURSE TITLE: LEARNING STRATEGIES FOR OPTOMETRY

DATE: Thursday 26<sup>th</sup> July 2018

TIME: 2:00- 4:00 PM

### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

### **Answer all Questions**

Sec A: Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) 20 Marks Sec B: Short Answer Questions (SAQ) (40 marks) Sec C: Long Answer Questions (LAQ) (40 marks)

TIME: 3 Hours

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 5 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

## SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20marks)

- 1. Which is a factor that is influencing modern teaching and learning
  - A. Research on the brain
  - B. Research on learning
  - C. Globalisation
  - D. All the above
- 2. How we learn can be explained using learning theories which is not a theory
  - A. Behaviorist
  - B. Metacognitive
  - C. Cognitive
  - D. Humanistic
- 3. During teaching and learning a student a acquires all of the following except
  - A. Attitude
  - B. Skills
  - C. Knowledge
  - D. Status
- 4. What determines students understanding?
  - A. Number of lecturers, age, gender
  - B. Conceptions of teaching and learning strategies
  - C. The number of students, conceptions of teaching and learning
  - D. Teachers attitudes, age, teaching context
- 5. An effective teacher
  - A. Imparts knowledge to students
  - B. Facilitates learning
  - C. Covers the content
  - D. Shares personal experiences
- 6. Learning is an evolutionary process. Meaning it requires?
  - A. Skills
  - B. Space
  - C. Time
  - D. Teachers

- 7. Quadruple strength learning involves
  - A. Doing, practicing, reading reviewing
  - B. Seeing, saying, hearing, writing
  - C. Looking, viewing, practicing
  - D. Understanding, practing, writing, hearing
- 8. An appropriate approach to teach knowledge is by
  - A. Facilitation of understanding
  - B. Teaching the content and the process
  - C. Defining concepts
  - D. Emphasizing main points in the notes
- 9. To facilitate memory retention in learning, it is advisable to encourage the following except
  - A. Encourage active interaction
  - B. Use multiple contexts
  - C. Encourage practice
  - D. Encourage cramming
- 10. Instructional strategies may broadly be classified as
  - A. Verbal and modeling
  - B. Direct and interactive
  - C. Interactive and facilitative
  - D. Dialogue and facilitative
- 11. Examples of characteristics of a learner are
  - A. Practical
  - B. Inquisitive
  - C. Flexible
  - D. All the above
- 12. How does negative reinforcement defer from punishment
  - A. Punishment involves administering a positive consequence
  - B. Punishment reduces the probability of an undesired behaviour
  - C. Negative enforcement increases the probability of an undesired behaviour
  - D. Negative reinforcement entails continuing a negative consequence when a desired behaviour occurs

- 13. A learning set-up that involves simulations?
  - A. Bed site
  - B. Classroom
  - C. Hospital
  - D. Skills laboratory
- 14. Feedback should be encouraged because it
  - A. Leads to more learning
  - B. Time consuming
  - C. May lead to criticism
  - D. Demotivating
- 15. The use of innovative teaching methods encourages
  - A. Lifelong learning
  - B. Surface processing
  - C. Rote learning
  - D. Surface and deep processors
- 16. According to humanistic approach, learning is motivated by needs. Which is not a higher need
  - A. Self esteem
  - B. Creativity
  - C. Food
  - D. Achievement
- 17. For goals to be effective they need to be
  - A. Creative
  - B. Rushed
  - C. Measurable
  - D. Discriminatory
- 18. The use of simulated patients in teaching clinical skills
  - A. Controlling the complexity of the learning situation
  - B. Act as a bridge between theory and clinical skills
  - C. Providing learning guidance
  - D. Demonstrating clinical skills
- 19. A lesson plan ensures
  - A. Connects sections of content
  - B. Coverage of the goals and objectives
  - C. May lead to independent learning
  - D. All the above

- 20. What statement best gives an example of what a formative assessment is
  - A. End of period examinations
  - B. Continuous class question
  - C. Entrance examinations
  - D. Board examinations

# **SECTION B: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)**

- 1. Explain the following (6 marks)
  - a. Contiguity Principle
  - b. A negative reinforcement
  - c. Positive reinforcement
- 2. Outline the 5 keys to effective feedback (10 marks)
- 3. Contrast between intrinsic motivation and extrinsic motivation (4 marks)
- 4. What are learning objectives and give 2 reasons of their importance in teaching (6 marks)
- 5. What are instructional strategies? Explain 5 factors that may determine which method/strategy is to used (10 marks)
- 6. Name 4 instructional strategies/ teaching methods (4 marks)

# SECTION C: LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (40 marks)

- 1. You have been appointed to head the committee designing optometry lecture halls. Describe the 5 aspects would you identity as the foundation of these environments? Discuss the principles that would guide to foster the halls to be conducive environments for teaching and learning. (20 marks)
- 2. In order to improve outcomes in their education, a university student needs to use student centered approaches. These approaches require the learner to cultivate skills in reading and listening. Describe what a student centered approach is and discuss the skills in reading, the process of effective listening and in each skill give an example/method that may be used. (20 Marks)

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