



MASINDEMULIROUNIVERSITY OF
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
(MMUST)

MAIN CAMPUS AND NAIROBI CENTRE

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR

FIRST YEAR, THIRD EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE
OF
BACHELOR OF HEALTH PROFESSION EDUCATION

COURSE CODE: HPE 219

COURSE TITLE: GENDER AND HEALTH

DATE: Wednesday 26th September 2018 TIME: 2:00 - 5:00 Pm

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

All questions are compulsory

- Section A: Multiple Choice questions (MCQ'S)
- Section B: Short answer questions (SAQ'S)
- Section C: Long answer questions. (LAQ'S)

(20 Marks)

(40 Marks).

(40 Marks).

TIME: 3 Hours

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

1C 13A
2C 14B
3B 15A
4C 16A
5A 17A
6C 18B
7D 19B
8E 20A
9B
10B
11B
12A

Section A: Multiple Questions

(MCQS) 20 Marks.

1. A hierarchical system in which cultural, political, and economic structures are dominated by males is a(n) _____?
 - A. Patriarchy
 - B. Elite model
 - C. Gendered division of labour
 - D. Pluralist model
2. According to the text, the terms masculinity and femininity are most closely linked to _____?
 - A. sex
 - B. patriarchy
 - C. gender
 - D. sexism
3. Gender roles refer to _____?
 - A. The subordination of women based on the assumption of superiority of men.
 - B. The rights, responsibilities, expectations, and relationships of women and men.
 - C. Chromosomal and hormonal differences that cause inevitable differences in the behaviour of men and women.
 - D. None of the above.
4. Which of the following statements regarding gender socialization is correct?
 - A. Peer groups often encourage children to have fun and to engage in behaviour that is not necessarily appropriate for their own gender.
 - B. Parents are more likely to play more vigorously with an infant daughter than with an infant son.
 - C. Teachers are more likely to give boys more praise, criticism, and suggestions for remediation than they give to girls.
 - D. Gender bias is favouring men over women, but not vice versa.
5. Men currently outnumber women in _____ programs
 - A. Doctoral
 - B. Hotel industrial
 - C. Education
 - D. Psychology
6. All of the following statements regarding the media and gender socialization are correct, except:
 - A. Few, if any, changes have occurred in the roles men and women play in movies.
 - B. More male than female roles are shown on television, and male characters are strikingly different from female ones.
 - C. Daytime soap operas tend to show men in positions where they give orders to others, whereas women are shown in traditional (subordinate) female roles and relationships.
 - D. Most social analysts agree that the media simply reflect existing gender roles in society.
7. Which of the following terms refers to individuals' beliefs and actions that are rooted in anti-female prejudice and stereotypic beliefs?
 - A. Gender socialization
 - B. Individual sexism
 - C. Institutionalized sexism
 - D. Gender segregation

8. Women are over-represented in _____ work because it often provides greater flexibility to meet family responsibilities.
- Public sector
 - Contingent
 - Semiskilled
 - Private sector
9. Linguistic sexism is a problem studied primarily by analysts using a (n) _____ perspective.
- Conflict
 - Functionalist
 - Interactionist
 - Feminist
10. The _____ perspective combines the exploitation of women by capitalism with patriarchy in the home in its analysis of gender inequality.
- Socialist feminist
 - Demccratic feminist
 - Liberal feminist
 - Radical feminist
- In Q. 11 to 16 indicate whether the statement is true (T) or false (F)*
11. Women and men always have the same access to time, money, information, transportation, and social support networks.
- True
 - False
12. Gender norms are standards set by society that determine what roles and responsibilities men and women should assume in society.
- True
 - False
13. A women who is unable to see a doctor without head of household permission is an example of a gender issue in health.
- True
 - False
14. Health policies that don't distinguish between the needs of male and female population groups are called gender blind.
- True
 - False
15. Sex disaggregated health data is a starting point for identification of differences between men, women, boys and girls.
- True
 - False
16. Fairness and justice in the distribution of benefits, power, resources and responsibilities between women and men according to their needs is called gender discrimination.
- True
 - False
17. Which of the following best represents individuals' relationships to the social construction of gender?

- A. Individuals participate in the social construction of gender
 B. Individuals follow the gender path laid out by society
 C. Individuals are rarely influenced by societal gender expectations
 D. Individual choices about gender are idiosyncratic
18. Which of the following concepts best represents the idea that individuals have the ability to take actions that may sustain or challenge gender arrangements?
 A. Feminism
 B. Gender socialization
 C. Agency
 D. Intersectionality
19. Which of the following pair of words represent the distinction between biology and society?
 A. Femininity/masculinity
 B. Sex/gender
 C. Bisexual/heterosexual
 D. Culture/social structure
20. Which of the following is the best example of an empowerment organization?
 A. An organization provides women with micro-loans which the women use to develop their own businesses
 B. An organization prepares meals for homeless people to eat in or carry out
 C. Volunteers bring in building supplies to a community and build homes for people who have experienced a natural disaster
 D. City policy makers do a driving tour of a neighborhood, identifying blighted areas and then establish new tax policies for the area to attract businesses

Section B: Short Answer Questions (SAQ)

40 Marks

1. Explain the relationship meaning between the following terms gender and health 4 marks
2. Outline six factors that determines gender roles in the community 6 marks
3. Explain five role of women in sexual dimension 10 marks
4. Outline five ways of increasing women empowerment 10 marks
5. Explain five ways in which gender stereotype occur in our society 10 marks

Section C: Long Answer Questions (LAQ)

40 Marks.

Question 1.

1. Define the term genital mutilations 1 Mark
2. Name four types of genital mutilation commonly found in Kenya 4 Marks
3. Discuss five effects of genital mutilation on human health 15 Marks

Question 2.

Discuss how gender mainstreaming influence has influenced provision of health care services in Kenya (20 marks)

Marking Key

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