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**MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
(MMUST)**

MAIN CAMPUS

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION
2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR**

SEMESTER ONE MAIN EXAMINATION

**FOR THE DEGREE
OF**

**BACHELOR OF EDUCATION IN TECHNOLOGY (MECHANICAL
ENGINEERING) (FOURTH YEAR)**

COURSE CODE: TEM 471

COURSE TITLE: THERMODYNAMICS II

DATE: 27-04-2022

TIME: 08:00-10:00

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. This paper contains **FOUR** questions
2. **QUESTION ONE IS COMPULSORY**
3. **Attempt any TWO questions from the remaining.**
4. **Question ONE carries 30 marks and the REST 20 marks each.**
5. **Examination duration is 2 (TWO) HOURS**

MMUST observes **ZERO** tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

QUESTION ONE (30Marks)

a) In an ideal Otto cycle engine, the temperature and pressure at the beginning of compression are 43°C and 100 kPa respectively and the temperature at the end of adiabatic compression is 323°C . If the temperature at the end of constant volume heat addition is $1,500^{\circ}\text{C}$, calculate: **(20Marks)**

- (i) The compression ratio
- (ii) The air-standard efficiency
- (iii) The temperature and pressure at the end of adiabatic expansion.

Assume ratio of specific heat for air, γ as 1.4.

b) Discuss the differences between internal combustion engines and external combustion engines. **(10Marks)**.

QUESTION TWO (20Marks)

- a) Outline at least four assumptions made for describing the working of an air standard Carnot engine. **(8Marks)**.
- b) Discuss the reasons why liquid fuels are more advantageous in comparison to solid fuels **(8Marks)**.
- c) Define the terms Molecules and Atoms in relation to thermodynamics **(4Marks)**.

QUESTION THREE (20Marks)

A Carnot cycle works on steam between the pressure limits of 7 MPa and 7 kPa . Draw the T-S representation for this Carnot cycle operation.

- Determine:
- i) Thermal efficiency
 - ii) Turbine work
 - iii) Compression work per kg of steam.

QUESTION FOUR (20Marks)

- a) The chemical formula for alcohol is C_2H_6O . Calculate the stoichiometric air/fuel ratio by mass and the percentage composition of the products of combustion per kg of C_2H_6O (15 Marks).
- b) List the basic measurements to be undertaken to evaluate the performance of a SI or CI engine (5 Marks).

APPENDICES

Table 11.1. Symbols and Molecular weights

<i>Elements / Compounds / Gases</i>	<i>Molecule</i>		<i>Atom</i>	
	<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Molecular weight</i>	<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Molecular weight</i>
Hydrogen	H_2	2	H	1
Oxygen	O_2	32	O	16
Nitrogen	N_2	28	N	14
Carbon	C	12	C	12
Sulphur	S	32	S	32
Water	H_2O	18	—	—
Carbon monoxide	CO	28	—	—
Carbon dioxide	CO_2	44	—	—
Sulphur dioxide	SO_2	64	—	—
Marsh gas (Methane)	CH_4	16	—	—
Ethylene	C_2H_4	28	—	—
Ethane	C_2H_6	30	—	—

