



(University of Choice)

**MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF  
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY  
(MMUST)**

**MAIN CAMPUS**

**MAIN UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

**2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**FIFTH/FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS**

**FOR THE DEGREE OF**

**BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MECHANICAL AND INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING**

**BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN RENEWABLE ENERGY AND BIOFUELS  
TECHNOLOGY**

**COURSE CODE: MIE 571/RET 471**

**COURSE TITLE: POWER PLANT ENGINEERING**

**DATE: 20-4-2022**

**TIME: 12.00-14.00 HRS**

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**Instructions to Candidates**

1. Answer **Question 1 (compulsory)** and any other **TWO** Questions
2. All symbols have their usual meaning
3. Steam tables are provided

**DURATION: 2 Hours**

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

### QUESTION THREE – 20 Marks

The compression ratio of an internal combustion power plant working on a diesel cycle is 21, and the air/fuel ratio is 29/1. The temperature at the end of compression is 1000K. The calorific value of the fuel is 42 MJ/kg,  $R$  is 287 J/kgK, and the specific heat at constant volume of the products of combustion is given by,

$$c_v = (0.71 + 28 \times 10^{-6}T) \text{ kJ /kgK}$$

Determine the percentage of stroke at which the combustion is completed for maximum power production.

**(20 Marks)**

### QUESTION FOUR – 20 Marks

A particular process requires air at 45°C at a flow rate of 0.4 kg/s, the air leaving the process at 30°C. The supply of air from the atmosphere is at 10°C. Currently, the air is heated electrically but it is proposed to replace the electric heater with a heat pump system linking the inlet and exit airstreams. The refrigerant to be used is R12, operating with an evaporator temperature of 25°C and a condenser temperature of 50°C. The vapour is saturated at entry to the compressor and there is no under-cooling in the condenser. The mechanical efficiency of the electrical motor of the compressor is 90%.

Assuming that the compression process is isentropic, and neglecting all heat losses:

- a) Sketch the schematic layout of the plant and its corresponding t-s diagram  
**(4 Marks)**
- b) Calculate the mass flow rate of refrigerant required  
**(8 Marks)**
- c) Find the electrical power input required for the electric heater, and for the heat pump  
**(2 Marks)**
- d) Determine the temperature of the air leaving the evaporator coils  
**(4 Marks)**
- e) What is the percentage saving in running costs when using the heat pump instead of electrical heating?  
**(2 Marks)**