



# (University of Choice) MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

#### **MAIN CAMPUS**

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

## FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

#### FOR THE DEGREE

OF

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

**COURSE CODE:** 

**DEM 807** 

**COURSE TITLE:** 

**EMERGENCY RESPONSE TO TERRORISM** 

DATE:

22/04/2022

TIME: 2-5PM

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Attempt any THREE (3) questions

TIME: 3Hours

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 2 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

- Q1). The absolute nature of the prohibition of torture, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment in international law has been recognized by the international community. Nevertheless, this norm has been challenged by some States in the fight against terrorism. Describe, analyze and comment upon the legal framework which supports this norm (including relevant practice) and comment upon its relevance in the fight against terrorism.

  (20marks)
- Q2). Analyze consequences for emergency services responders if it were suddenly realized that terrorists had contaminated the public water supply. (20marks)
- Q3). Discuss what you consider to be the underlying reasons and challenges regarding the adoption of a binding legal instruments articulating the rights of victims, including victims of terrorism. Explain the human rights and broader impact of terrorism upon victims, both those directly and indirectly affected. Argue for or against the need for a binding treaty instrument to be adopted. (20 marks)
- Q4). Critically compare and contrast different methods for victims of terrorism to secure adequate remedies, comparing criminal justice with human rights mechanisms. (20marks)
- Q5). Compare and contrast different national approaches to providing support (financial and non-financial) to victims of terrorists. Which approach do you prefer and why? (20 marks)
- Q6). Consider the different regional approaches to providing reparations for victims. Which approach do you prefer and why? (20 marks)