



(University of Choice)
**MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
(MMUST)**

MAIN CAMPUS

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR**

SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

**FOR DIPLOMA
IN
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

COURSE CODE: DEE 071
COURSE TITLE: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS IV

DATE: Monday 25th April, 2022 **TIME: 8.00 AM-10.00AM**

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Question ONE (1) is compulsory
Answer Any Other TWO (2) questions

TIME: 2 Hours

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.



QUESTION ONE

- a) Using first principles derivation, show that the Laplace transform of first derivative is given by $L\{f'(t)\} = sL\{f(t)\} - f(0)$ hence show that laplace transform of $e^{-at} = \frac{1}{s+a}$ (7 Marks)
- b) Using a standard list of laplace transforms, determine the following :
- i) $6 \sin 3t - 4 \cosh 5t$ (2 Marks)
- ii) $1 + 2t - 3e^{-t} + \frac{1}{3}t^4$ (2 Marks)
- (2 marks)
- c) Let $f(x)$ be function with a period of 2π over the interval $0 < x < 2\pi$ and has period 2π
 $f(x) = \frac{x}{2}$
- i) Sketch a graph of $f(x)$ in the interval $-2\pi < x < 2\pi$ (4 marks)
- ii) Find the full Fourier representation of the above function (8 marks)
- d) Verify the final value theorem for the function $3t^2 e^{-4t}$ and determine its steady state value. (3 Marks)
- e) Find the Laplace inverse of the following $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{6}{s^3} \right\}$ (2 marks)

QUESTION TWO

- a) Find the Laplace inverse of the below function by using its partial fractions
 $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{5s^2 + 8s - 1}{(s+3)(s^2 + 1)} \right\}$ (9 marks)
- b) Verify the initial value theorem for the voltage function $(5 + 2 \cos 3t)$ volts, and state its initial value (4 Marks)
- c) Find the Laplace transform of the following:
- i) $L\{e^{-2t} \sin 3t\}$ (3 marks)
- ii) $L\{2te^{3t} (4 \cos 2t - 5 \sin 2t)\}$ (4 marks)

QUESTION THREE

Let $f(x) = x$, be a function of a period 2π such that $f(x) = x$, in the range $-\pi < x < \pi$

- i) Sketch a graph of the above function in the interval $-3\pi < x < 3\pi$ (4 marks)
- ii) Find the Fourier half sine and cosine series for the above function (12 marks)
- iii) Full Fourier series representation of the above function (4 marks)

QUESTION FOUR

- a) Given that $f(x) = x^2$ has a period of 2π over the interval $-\pi < x < \pi$. Show that the Fourier series for $f(x)$ in the interval $-\pi < x < \pi$ is

$$\frac{\pi^2}{3} - 4 \left[\cos x - \frac{1}{2^2} \cos 2x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos 3x - \dots \right]$$

(10 marks)

- b) Solve the following differential equations using Laplace transforms

i) $\frac{dx}{dt} - 2x = 4$ at $t = 0$, $x = 1$

(5 Marks)

ii) $\frac{dx}{dt} + 2x = 10e^{3t}$ at $t = 0$, $x = 6$

(5 Marks)