



(University of Choice)

**MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF  
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY  
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

**2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS**

**FOR THE**

**BACHELOR OF CRIMINOLOGY AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE**

**COURSE CODE:** SCR 105

**COURSE TITLE:** CRIME AND SOCIETY

**DATE:** 26/4/ 2022

**TIME:** 12.00-2.00PM

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Answer question **ONE** (30 marks) and any other **TWO** questions (20 marks each)

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating



1. a) Herman and Julia Schwendinger (1970/1975) argued that criminologists should not confine their attention to crime as defined by the criminal law enacted by nation-states. Instead, they should become the defenders of human rights rather than guardians of social control imposed by the criminal law. Explain the human rights approach to defining crime and highlight on its merits over the legalistic definition of crime **(15 mks)**  
b) Explain the concept of globalization and show how it undermines crime control **(15 mks)**
  
2. a) Explain the concept of the Sociological imagination and show how its explanation of crime differs from classical criminology **(10mks)**  
b) Explain the key features of the risk society and show the problems associated with the application of risk based strategies for controlling crime **(10 mks)**
  
3. Define state crime and show any Four challenges you are likely to face when researching it **(20 mks)**
  
4. Use examples to explain the challenges posed by disembodied identity to contemporary crime control **(20 mks)**
  
  
5. a) Use examples to explain the argument that crime is a social construction **(5 mks)**  
b) Explain the following fallacies about crime and show how they distort understanding and responses to crime in society
  - i) The random crime fallacy **(5 mks)**
  - ii) The dramatic fallacy **(5 mks)**
  - iii) The cops and courts fallacy **(5 mks)**