



University of Choice)

## MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

### **UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

#### **MAIN EXAM**

### 2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

## SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE IN BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MEDICAL SOCIAL WORK

COURSE CODE: NMS 225

COURSE TITLE: TRACING OF MISSING PERSONS

DATE: 20/04/2022 TIME: 3:00-6:00 PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

**Answer all Questions** 

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

### SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)

- 1. A missing person is defined as?
  - a) a person who has been announced on media as missing
  - b) an individual whose relatives haven't seen for more than 24 hours
  - c) a person whose whereabouts are unknown to their relatives and/or who,on the basis of reliable information,has been reported missing in accordance with the national legislation
  - d) a person not seen within three days
- 2. One of the following is TRUE regarding reports of missing persons over the past 26 years?
  - a. There have been slightly fewer reports, about 10 percent less.
  - b. There has been a six fold increase.
  - c. There has been an increase of about 200 percent.
  - d. There has been an increase of about 20 percent.
- 3. Who is relative of a missing person?
  - a) a spouse only
  - b) children
  - c) parents
  - d) all the above
- 4. Law makers can spur public participation on missing persons through the following ways EXCEPT?
  - a) holding radio talks on matters of missing persons
  - b) paying police for investigating matters of missing persons
  - c) speak publicly on the issue
  - d) funding families
- 5. The process of tracing missing persons may come to an end under the following circumstances EXCEPT?
  - a) person is located and the authorities have made decision and the family is informed
  - b) missing person is dead/not found
  - c) person who requests terminates
  - d) upon settlement of tracing request
- 6. Article \_\_\_\_\_ of the Evidence Act lay down the time frame under which a missing person is declared dead?
  - a) 118
  - b) 80
  - c) 119
  - d) 26-27

7. The information on missing person be protected under which of these circumstances	
a) once tracing is completed b) in case there is transfer to third party c) when used for unintended purposes	
d) all the above	
8. During the interview with a suspected child abductor, you should	
a. be firm with the suspect	
b. treat the suspect with consideration	
c. be a good listener and watch the suspect's body language	
d. all of the above 9. Under which circumstance below is a missing person declared dead as per the Kenyan law?	
a) at request of the family	
h) after public notifications	
c) upon request by a relative, after a period of seven years	
d) death in an armed conflict	
10. There are three basic categories of missing children including nonfamily abduction, family	У
abduction, and  a. runaway or lost child	
b. temporary abduction	
c. hiding child	
d. homicide abduction	
11. Which offollowing statements below define the role of a National Information Bureau  a) collecting, protecting and transmitting information, documents and objects of missin persons and their relatives	g
b) collecting information on relatives of missing persons and relatives	
c) documenting missing persons and their relatives	
d) investigating missing persons and their relatives	
12. The remains of missing persons who died in the war are best handled when?	
a) they are buried	
b) they are exhumed if it was buried	
c) they are handed over to relatives	
d) all available means be put in place to ensure recovery of body and belongings	
13. What is the main function of a registry?	
a) centralized data base for the management of tracing requests regarding missing	18
persons	
b) documents all missing persons	
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- c) collects all information on missing persons d) release all information to relatives of missing persons
- 14. The purpose of the investigator's role in obtaining a recent history of family dynamic is?
  - a. To help the investigator hypothesize about various possibilities to develop leads. b. To assure the family that the police are being fair.
  - c. To keep the information from reaching the media.
  - d. All of the above.
- 15. The International Committee of the Red Cross(ICRC) was established in
  - a) 1863
  - b) 1983
  - c) 1843
  - d) 1936
- 16. The following question should be considered by the investigator when asking a suspect involved in child abduction?
  - a. What do you think should happen to someone who would do this?
  - b. Do you have mental problems?
    - c. Did you rape the child?
    - d. What is your problem?
- 17. The actions below can be taken by a relative to helping trace a missing person except
  - a) conduct a telephone search
  - b) call the police
  - c) put up flyers with a photograph of the missing person around your community
  - d) tell necessary people about the disappearance
- 18. The following arm of Government in Kenya is responsible in enacting laws on missing persons
  - a. The parlaiment
    - b. County government
    - c. The judiciary
    - d. None of the above
- 19. The following are the responsibilities of the state authorities in finding missing pesons except
  - a) to prevent disappearances
  - b) information management and processing of files of missing persons
  - c) mismanagement of human remains and of information on the death
  - d) support for the families of the person unaccounted for
- 20. The legal framework below is a human rights law?
  - a) Geneva Convention(I) For The Amelioration Of The Condition Of The Wounded And Sick In Armed Forces In The Field(1949)

- b) Geneva Convention(ii) For The Amelioration Of The Condition Of Wounded, Sick And Shipwrecked Members Of Armed Forces At Sea(1949)
- c) Geneva Convention (ii) Relative To The Treatment Of Prisoners Of War(1949)
- d) International Convention For The Protection Of All Persons From Enforced Disappearance(2006)

### SECTION B: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)

- 1. List eight causes of a person going missing (8 marks)
- 2. Explain four effects of disappearances of a person to their relatives (8 marks)
- 3. Explain four major ways of preventing disappearances (8 marks)
- 5.Explain four methods of identifying bodies of missing persons (8marks)

# SECTION C: LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS 40 MARKS)

- 1.Discuss the activities of International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) on behalf of people affected by the war (20 marks)
- 2.Explain ten mechanisms established in Kenya to clarify the fate of missing persons (20 marks)