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(The University Of Choice)

## MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

## THIRD YEAR FIRST TRIMESTER EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE
OF
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN HEALTH PROFESSIONS
EDUCATION

**COURSE CODE: HPE 306** 

COURSE TITLE: APPLICATION OF TEACHING AND MANAGERIAL SKILLS

DATE\_THURSDAY  $21^{st}$  April 2022

Time: 2:00-5:00 PM

## INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Write your University registration number on every sheet of paper used
- 2. Answer all questions in all the three sections
- 3. Section A comprises of 20 Multiple Choice Questions
- 4. Section B comprises of 4 short Answer Questions
- 5. Section C comprises of 2 Essay Questions

TIME: 3 Hours

## SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (MCQ) (20 Marks)

- 1. Microteaching;
  - A. Are useful for understanding at an abstract level but serve no practical purpose.
  - B. Are generally not used by successful people in business.
  - C. Provide you with specific recipes for implementing change.
  - D. Can be successfully applied only to small organization
- 2. In MCO the incorrect is a;
  - A. Items
  - B. Directions
  - C. Stems
  - D. Distracters
- 3. What is irrelevant in bed side teaching?
  - A. Patients more likely to be satisfied
    - B. Useful in discussing sensitive issues
    - C. Incorporates adult learning principles
    - D. Allows important domains of learning to be integrated
- 4. Regarding evaluation;
  - A. Formative and informal
  - B. Formative and Summative
  - C. Summative and Informative
  - D. Summative and Certification
- 5. Tests of recall
  - A. Multiple completion
  - B. Single best response
  - C. Relationship analysis
  - D. Multiple true-false completion
- 6. A mentor in PBL is:
  - A. Teacher
  - B. Facilitator
  - C. Group leader
  - D. Content expert
- 7. The assessment instrument for clinical evaluation is;
  - A. OSLER
  - B. Viva Voce
  - C. Long Case
  - D. Practical Exam
- 8. Constructing understanding of, more concerned with learning processes than content is;
  - A. Constructivist View
  - B. Consumerism
  - C. Connectivism
  - D. Social constructivist
- 9. Connection of assessment and teaching;
  - A. Teacher
  - B. Feedback
  - C. Curriculum
  - D. Syllabus

- 10. Learning by mimicking others is:
  - A. Social cognitive theory
  - B. Jeromes theory
  - C. Watson theory
  - D. Skinners theory
- 11. Regarding Blooms taxonomy of educational objectives;
  - A. Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, Creating
  - B. Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, Creating
  - C. Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analyzing, ,Creating, Evaluating
  - D. Remembering, Applying, Understanding, Analyzing, Evaluating, Creating
- 12. The validity used in selecting test items;
  - A. Content validity
  - B. Concurrent Validity
  - C. Context validity
  - D. Face validity
- 13. Concerning Teaching;
  - A. Teaching is merely imparting knowledge to students, nor merely giving advice
  - B. Teaching is passing information to the students
  - C. Teaching is sharing one's own experience
  - D. Teaching is the activity of facilitating learning
- 14. Continuous assessment is frequently used;
  - A. As summative
  - B. To break learning into manageable units
  - C. To allows repeated attempts to master the content of each module
  - D. Being not perceived as threatening (low stakes)
- 15. Summative assessment;
  - A. Is the start point examination
  - B. Can block intended career progression (high stakes)
  - C. Is perceived as less threatening
  - D. Is administered more frequently
- 16. Which is associated with operant coordination?
  - A. Shaping
  - B. Condition stimulus- bell
  - C. Unconditioned stimulus-salivation
  - D. Unconditioned response-food
- 17. Similarity to fixed interval schedules amount of time between reinforcement varies;
  - A. Variable Interval Schedules:
  - B. Fixed interval issue
  - C. Fixed Ratio Schedules
  - D. Variable Ratio Schedules
- 18. Assessment indicating achievement and no achievement is referred to:
  - A. Criterion
  - B. Normative
  - C. Nominal
  - D. Ordinal
- 19. Professional competence according to Miller progress from
  - A. Knows, Knows How, Shows how, Does
  - B. Knows ,Show how, Knows How, Does
  - C. Show how, Does, Knows How
  - D. Knows How, Show How, Does

- 20. In teaching and learning skills are classified as; A. Cognitive B. Affective C. Analytical D. Psychomotor (40 MARKS) SECTION B: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (2 Marks Each) 1. Fill in the blank space a. Essay questions assess -----learning domain b. Assessment of skills is done using ----- instrument c. Adult learning process is referred to as ----d. A good assessment tool should be ----e. It is student centered learning rather than -----2. Differentiate between validity and reliability of assessment tools (10 Marks) 3. Construct two MCQs and two True/False questions. (10 Marks) 4. Name assessment tool used to assess each level of the Millers Pyramid of (10 Marks) Does, shows, and knows how
- SECTION C: LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)
- 1. Name and Explain Six Microteaching skills and indicate the importance of each skill in teaching and learning.

  (20 Marks)
- 2. Explain the importance, the challenges, opportunities and the threats of OSCE in assessment of clinical competence. (20 Marks)