



MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

SECOND YEAR SECOND TRIMESTER EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING/GLOBAL HEALTH

COURSE CODE:

NCN 321

COURSE TITLE:

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

DATE: Wednesday 20th April, 2022

TIME: 8.00a.m. – 11.00am.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer ALL questions in this paper.

TIME: 3 Hours

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 4 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

SECTION ONE: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)

- 1. The nurse doing a walk-through to identify workplace hazards is providing which level of prevention?
 - A. Primary
 - B. Secondary
 - C. Tertiary
 - D. Higher
- 2. Which is the best method an occupational health nurse can use when assessing workplace hazards?
 - A. Walk through survey
 - B. Anticipating hazards
 - C. Interviewing workers
 - D. Interviewing management
- 3. In the epidemiologic triad, an example of a host factor would be:
 - A. Temperature extremes and crowding
 - B. Workplace stress
 - C. Workers family
 - D. Workplace safety signs
- 4. A worker who has a health reaction to "safe" low-level exposures is experiencing:
 - A. Hypo susceptibility
 - B. Hyper susceptibility
 - C. Allergies
 - D. Immune suppression
- 5. The occupational health nurse recognizes that biological agents could mean exposure to:
 - A. Lead paints
 - B. Slippery floors
 - C. Viruses, bacteria and parasites
 - D. Dangerous machines that could cut body parts
- 6. Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970
 - A. states that workers must have a safe and healthful work environment
 - B. helps to ensure workers' rights
 - C. insists that workers are compensated for their illnesses and injuries
 - D. is a government act that was put in place to license employers
- 7. The following is the meaning of a strike
 - a. A mass refusal to work
 - b. Working slowly without pay
 - c. Causing commotion at the place of work
 - d. A response of employees to grievances
- 8. The most common form of employee compensation is:
 - a. Accident encountered during employment
 - b. Salaries, wages and overtime
 - c. Study fees reimbursement
 - d. Per diems when own money is used for work assignments
- 9. Employers are responsible for the health and safety of:
 - a. Presently employed workers
 - b. Present and former employees who fall ill as a result of an employment hazard
 - c. The management staff while trade unions take care of the other employees
 - d. The most vulnerable employees such as pregnant women or disabled employees
- 10. When employees are found in a physical fight at the place of work, the following should be done:

- a. Management should suspend them on the basis of being safety hazards to themselves and other employees
- b. Facts should be established before any action is taken
- c. They should be dismissed instantly as that is gross misconduct
- d. Other colleagues should separate them and take them to management
- 11. In fire emergency preparedness the employers should ensure that:
 - a. Each office has a glass door for exit in an event that there is a fire
 - b. The store man is trained to handle firefighting equipment
 - c. Each employee is supplied with fire protection clothing
 - d. An assembly point is established where an account of the employees can be done in case of a fire in the building
- 12. Potter's rot is another name for
 - a. Lung cancers of people in the mining industry
 - b. Silicosis
 - c. Asbestosis
 - d. Scrotal cancer from chimney smoke
- 13. The summary of the ILO definition for Occupational Health and Safety ensures:
 - a. The adaptation of work to man and of each man to his job
 - b. A physical spiritual psychological and mental wellbeing of the workers
 - c. Each man place in a safe free from injury environment
 - d. An environment that is safe for the worker, his family, the neighborhood and coming to the place of work

visitors

- 14. Work related injury Incidence rates are used to:
 - a. Compile an accurate injury record of workers
 - b. Compare injuries from firm to firm
 - c. An organization improve its safety measures to reduce the particular injury
 - d. Help an organization plan in advance to deal with the expected number of lost working days as a result of the injuries
- 15. The systematic collection of data in order to detect, control and prevent health problems is:
 - a. Disease surveillance
 - b. Epidemiologic surveillance
 - c. A statutory requirement for each employer
 - d. Biomonitoring
- 16. The action to take when one finds a smoke filled office is do all the following except:
 - a. Open the door so that the smoke can escape to save the office occupants from chocking
 - b. Alert people in the area
 - c. Activate the fire alarm
 - d. Remain available to answer questions from the police
- 17. One of the functions of an industrial hygienist is to:
 - a. Ensure that hygiene and sanitation of the factory is at its best
 - b. Evaluate workplace injuries
 - c. Offer advice on the prevention and control of workplace hazards
 - d. Offer stress counseling to workers deployed in heavy machinery rooms
- 18. Unplanned events at the workplace that often result in injuries are:
 - a. Workplace hazards
 - b. Workplace accidents

- c. Those events that are compensated as they result in lost man hours
- d. Hazards that must be prevented
- 19. Ozone depletion is attributed to the use and disposal of chemicals containing:
 - a. Carbon and oxygen
 - b. Sulphur and Methane
 - c. Nitrogen and Hydrogen
 - d. Chlorine and Bromine
- 20. Toxicology is the study of:
 - a. How chemicals affect people in their work environments
 - b. The detection of poisons of chemicals on living organisms and their treatment.
 - c. The accumulation of various toxins in various body organs.
 - d. The complex signs and symptoms of toxins.

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

40 MARKS

- 1. Describe two actions you would take if there is a dangerous situation at work (8 Marks)
- 2. Explain any four obligations of an employer (8 Marks)
- 3. Describe any four rights of an employee (8 Marks)
- 4. Describe four reasons why a nurse would conduct a walk-through at the work site? (8Marks)
- 5. Discuss any four primary roles of an Industrial Hygienist (8 marks)

LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS

(40 MARKS)

- 1. Discuss what a workplace disaster plan entails and the steps to prepare it (20 Marks)
- 2. The occupational safety and health nurse does a walk through survey and recognizes workers exposed to psychological hazards at the workplace. Discuss any four roles the nurse will assume while assisting the workers (20 Marks)