



(University of Choice)

MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

(MAIN CAMPUS)

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR

FIRST YEAR MAIN EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES & MEDICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

COURSE CODE: BML 123

COURSE TITLE: SYSTEMIC HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

DATE: 26TH APRIL 2023 TIME: 8.00 – 10.00AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This paper is divided into three sections, **A B** and **C**, carrying respectively: Multiple Choice Questions (**MCQs**), Short Answer Questions (**SAQs**) and Long Answer Questions (**LAQs**). **Answer the questions**. **DO NOT WRITE ON THE QUESTION PAPER**.

TIME: 2 Hours

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

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This Paper Consists of 4 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over

SECTION A: Multiple Choice Questions (20Marks)

- 1. Which is the following is the best description of homeostasis?
 - a) Maintenance of body function
 - b) Maintenance of body function at the optimum level at all times
 - c) Multiple systems working cooperatively to maintain body function at an optimum level
 - d) Keeping the body in balance
- 2. Which of the following is true?
 - a) The regulation of body temperature by sweating involves positive feedback
 - b) Childbirth is a way of maintaining homeostasis
 - c) Uncontrolled bleeding is an example of homeostasis
 - d) A fever in response to infection is NOT a way of maintaining homeostasis
- 3. Which of the following statements about the ion potential is false?
 - a) The rapid depolarization phase is caused by the entry of potassium ions
 - b) During the repolarization phase, sodium channels open and potassium channels close
 - c) During the depolarization phase, membrane potential becomes positive
 - d) In the after-hyperpolarization phase, membrane potential approaches the potassium equilibrium potential
- 4. The normal pacemaker of the heart is located in the
 - a) Sinoatrial node.
 - b) Purkinje fibers.
 - c) Atrioventricular node.
 - d) wall of the left ventricle.
- 5. A 56-year-old woman with severe muscle weakness is hospitalized. The only abnormality in her laboratory values is an elevated serum K+concentration. The elevated serum K+causes muscle weakness because
 - (a) the resting membrane potential is hyperpolarized
 - (b) the K+ equilibrium potential is hyperpolarized
 - (c) the Na + equilibrium potential is hyperpolarized
 - (d) Na + channels are closed by depolarization
- 6. Hyperventilation before a dive
 - a) Is practised to increase the amount of oxygen in the lung.
 - b) Is not a good idea because it increases the amount of CO2 in the lungs.
 - c) Causes both CO2 and 02 in the blood to increase.
 - d) Causes CO2 in the blood to decrease whereas 02 remains unchanged.
- 7. The largest component of total peripheral resistance in the respiratory system is generated by;
 - a) Larynx and trachea
 - b) Trachea and bronchi
 - c) Terminal bronchi
 - d) Alveolar ducts
- 8. Increase surfactant production will;
 - a) Decrease oxygen
 - b) Increase surface tension
 - c) Increased breathing work
 - d) Decrease likelihood of alveolar collapse

- 9. Cardiac arrythmias during myocardial infarction are possible associated with all of the following except;
 - a) Decrease sympathetic tone
 - b) Increase extracellular potassium concentration in the ischemic area
 - c) Reentry
 - d) Pathologic automaticity
- 10. Respiratory insufficiency
 - a) Can be induced by overdosing bronchocontrictory beta mimmeting agents
 - b) Means respiratory fatigue
 - c) Is diagnosed on the basis of the blood gas analysis
 - d) Is always a life threatening situation that could be immediately treated by the use of artificial ventilation
- 11. Estrogen is secreted during pregnancy, mostly by:
 - a) Maternal ovary
 - b) Fetal ovary
 - c) Pituitary
 - d) Hypothalamus
- 12. Which of the following is true?
 - a) The regulation of body temperature by sweating involves positive feedback
 - b) Childbirth is a way of maintaining homeostasis
 - c) Uncontrolled bleeding is an example of homeostasis
 - d) A fever in response to infection is NOT a way of maintaining homeostasis
- 13. If the pancreatic ducts were obstructed, you would expect to see elevated blood levels of
 - a) Bilirubin
 - b) Amylase
 - c) Gastrin
 - d) cholecystokinin
- 14. Erythropoiesis is stimulated when;
 - a) oxygen flow to the kidney declines
 - b) oxygen levels in the blood increases
 - c) both oxygen flow in the blood increase and blood flow to the kidney declines
 - d) Blood flow to the kidneys decline
- 15. Which of the following hormones promotes spermatozoa maturation in the testicular germinal epithelium?
 - a) Follicle stimulation hormone
 - b) Luteinizing hormone
 - c) Testosterone
 - d) Androstenedione
- 16. The renal clearance of a substance?
 - a) Is inversely related to its urinary concentration, U.
 - b) Is directly related to the rate of urine formation, V.
 - c) Is directly related to its plasma concentration, P.
 - d) Must fall in the presence of metabolic poisons.

- 17. Which of the following control breathing rate in humans?
 - a) Cerebellum
 - b) Hypothalamus
 - c) Thalamus
 - d) Medulla oblongata
- 18. The mucosal cells of the human colon perform the following functions:
 - a) Converting primary bile acids into secondary bile acids
 - b) Converting bilirubin into stercobilinogen
 - c) Absorption of Na+
 - d) Absorption of aromatic amino acids
- 19. Blood flow to a tissue will increase if the
 - a) Level of oxygen at the tissue increases.
 - b) Veins constrict.
 - c) Level of carbon dioxide at the tissue decreases.
 - d) Arterioles dilate
- 20. Which of the following is the largest organ in the body?
 - a) Kidneys.
 - b) Liver.
 - c) Heart.
 - d) Brain

SECTION B: Short Answer Questions (40Marks)

- 1. Define the following (5Mks)?
 - a) Tidal Volume
 - b) Frank-Sterling principle
 - c) End diastolic volume
 - d) End Systolic volume
- 2. Describe the event(s) that take place after the exocytotic release of excitatory neurotransmitters at the synapse (5mks).
- 3. Outline FIVE physiologic function of growth hormones (5Mks)
- 4. Explain the physiologic effects of sildenafil (Viagra) in correcting erectile dysfunction (5Mks)
- 5. Briefly describe body fluid compartmentalization (5mks)
- 6. Briefly describe how chronic gastritis can lead to malabsorption (5Mks)
- 7. Explain the physiologic effects of smoking on pulmonary ventilation in exercise (5Mks)
- 8. Briefly describe negative feedback mechanism in decreased blood pressure (5Mks)

SECTION C: Long Answer Questions (60Marks)

- 1. Describe control of male reproductive function by pituitary glands (20Mks)
- 2. Describe the mechanics of inspiration and expiration (20Mks)
- 3. Describe the formation and composition of Urine in diabetes patients (20Mks)