

MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR

SECOND YEAR SECOND TRIMESTER EXAMINATIONS MAIN EXAM

FOR THE DEGREE OF
BACHELOR SCIENCE IN NURSING DIRECT/UPGRADING CLASSES

COURSE CODE:

NCN 326

COURSE TITLE: GYNAECOLOGY NURSING

DATE: 13/04/2023

TIME: 8:00AM-11:00AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer all question provided

This Paper Consists of 6 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

GYNAECOLOGY NURSING

SECTION A MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

20 MARKS

- 1. The correct order of events during the menstrual cycle are?
 - A. FSH rise, ovulation, LH surge, luteal phase, menstruation
 - B. Luteal phase, menstruation, FSH rise, ovulation, follicular phase
 - C. Follicular phase, luteal phase, FSH rise, ovulation, menstruation
 - D. Menstruation, FSH rise, LH surge, ovulation, luteal phase
- 2. During the follicular phase, the dominant follicle arises in response to?
 - A. Matrix-degrading proteases
 - B. hCG
 - C. FSH
 - D. Androgens
- 3. What is the correct order to the phases of the sexual response cycle?
 - A. Sexual attraction or arousal, excitement phase, plateau phase, orgasm, resolution phase
 - B. Sexual attraction or arousal, excitement phase, orgasm, plateau phase, resolution phase
 - C. Sexual attraction or arousal, excitement phase, orgasm, resolution phase, plateau phase
 - D. Plateau phase, excitement phase, orgasm, resolution phase, sexual attraction or arousal
- 4. What is the most common reason for a spontaneous abortion in the first trimester?
 - A. Uterine abnormality
 - B. Chromosomal abnormality
 - C. Endocrine disorder
 - D. Thrombophilia
- 5. The option that best describes obstetrical fistula is?
 - A. A hole, between the vagina and the rectum, or between the vagina and the bladder, that formed as result of a childbirth complication
 - B. A hole that forms on a women's perineum as a result of childbirth
 - C. A connection between the vagina and the uterus that forms as result of a childbirth complication
 - D. A tear occurring as result of childbirth extending outwards from the vagina

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- 6. If obstetrical fistula between the bladder and vagina is diagnosed or suspected shortly after delivery, the most common option for treatment is:
 - A. A plug is placed in the connection between the bladder and the vagina
 - B. Glue is used to closed the connection between the bladder and the vagina
 - C. A urinary catheter is placed for several weeks
 - D. Surgical interventions is preformed as soon as woman is sufficiently healed from childbirth
- 7. What is a vesicovaginal fistula?
 - A. A hole connecting the bladder to the vagina
 - B. A hole connecting the vagina to the uterus
 - C. hole connecting the rectum to the vagina
 - D. Any hole on the anterior wall of the vagina
- 8. On bimanual examination the uterus is anteverted. It is dangerous to perform MVA on this patient because:
 - A. Post-abortal syndrome
 - B. Uterine perforation
 - C. Incomplete evacuation
 - D. Tear of the cervix
- 9. Indications for in vitro fertilization include which of the following
 - A. Poor coital technique
 - B. Absent cervical mucus
 - C. Endometritis
 - D. Tubal disease
- 10. Clomiphene Citrate is used to correct which of the following clinical problems
 - A. Anovulation
 - B. High Prolactin levels
 - C. A corpus Luteam defect
 - D. Cervical mucus of high quality
- 11. One of the following is not a risk factor for cancer of the cervix
 - A. infection of genitalia with HPV
 - B. first intercourse before 16 years
 - C. treponema pallidum
 - D. multiple sex partners
- 12. The contraceptive that is best during breastfeeding;
 - A. Combined hormonal patches
 - B. Estrogen only pills
 - C. Combined oral contraceptives pills
 - D. Progesterone only pills

- 13. Endocrine factors are major causes of abortion. Which of the following hormonal deficiency is associated with early pregnancy loss?
 - A. Progesterone
 - B. Oestrogen
 - C. Prostaglandin
 - D. Oxytocin
- 14. What are uterine fibroids?
 - A. Benign tumors of the uterus
 - B. Malignant tumors of the uterus
 - C. Cancerous tumors of the ovaries
 - D. None of the above
- 15. Which surgical procedure involves the removal of the uterus and cervix, but not the ovaries?
 - A. Hysterectomy
 - B. Myomectomy
 - C. Endometrial ablation
 - D. None of the above
- 16. Which surgical procedure involves the removal of only the fibroids, leaving the uterus intact?
 - A. Hysterectomy
 - B. Myomectomy
 - C. Endometrial ablation
 - D. None of the above
- 17. What is the most common cause of abnormal uterine bleeding in women of reproductive age?
 - A. Uterine fibroids
 - B. Endometrial hyperplasia
 - C. Polyps
 - D. None of the above
- 18. What is the name for irregular bleeding that occurs between menstrual periods?
 - A. Menorrhagia
 - B. Metrorrhagia
 - C. Menometrorrhagia
 - D. None of the above
- 19. What is manual vacuum aspiration (MVA)?
 - A. A surgical procedure to remove uterine fibroids
 - B. A procedure to extract blood or fluids from the uterus
 - C. A technique to induce labor in pregnant women
 - D. A type of birth control method

20	How	does	Lactation	Ammenorhea	Method	work?
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- A. Breastfeeding suppresses ovulation
- B. Breastfeeding causes ovulation to occur more frequently
- C. Breastfeeding has no effect on ovulation
- D. None of the abovePage

SECTION: II SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

(40 MARKS)

- 1. Draw a well labeled diagram of a uterus showing sites of Myoma invasion (6 marks)
- 2. State eight (8) investigations/ procedure done to a gynecological patient/client

 (4marks
- 3. Describe the Medical Eligibility criteria in Family planning (6 marks)
- 4. State six clinical features of pelvic inflammatory diseases (6marks)
- 5. Explain six risk factors to development of fistulas (6marks)
- 6. Describe the mode of action of combined oral contraceptives pills (6 marks)
- 7. State six causes of Menorrhagia (6mark)

SECTION: III LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS

(40MARKS)

- 1) Mrs Tembo gynecological patient presents to clinic with a diagnosis of ectopic pregnancy;
 - a) State six risk factors to development of ectopic pregnancy

(6marks)

b) Describe the management of ectopic pregnancy from admission till discharge

(14marks)

2) Describe 5 types of Natural family planning methods

(20 marks

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