(University of Choice) MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

MAIN CAMPUS

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2015/2016 ACADEMIC YEAR

SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DIPLOMA IN CIVIL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING

COURSE CODE: DCE 065

COURSE TITLE: STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

DATE: MONDAY 7TH DECEMBER 2015 TIME: 2.00 – 4.00 PM

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. This paper consists of FIVE Questions
- 2. Answer any FOUR Questions
- 3. Examination duration is **2 Hours**

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

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Question One

a) A tensile test is carried out on a bar of mild steel of diameter 2cm. The bar yields under a load of 80kN. It reaches a maximum load of 150kN, and breaks finally at a load of 70kN.

Estimate

i) The tensile stress at the yield point

ii) The ultimate tensile stress

iii) The average stress at the breaking point, if the diameter of the fractured neck is 1cm

b) A 6m long hollow bar of circular section has 140mm diameter for a length of 4m while it has 120mm diameter for a length of 2m. The inside diameter is 80mm throughout. Find the elongation of the bar, when it is subjected to an axial tensile force of 300kN. Take E = 200GPa [6marks]

c) A plane element in a boiler is subjected to tensile stresses of 400MPa on one plane and 150MPa on the other at right angles to the former. Each of the above stresses is accompanied by a shear stress of 100MPa such that when associated with the minor tensile stress tends to rotate in anti-clockwise direction. Find

- i) The principal stresses
- ii) The maximum shearing stresses

Question Two

a) A hollow circular column having external and internal diameters of 300mm and 250mm respectively carries a vertical load of 100kN at the outer edge of the column. Calculate the maximum and minimum intensities of stress in the section **[8 marks]**

b) A shaft is made of solid round bar 30mm diameter and 0.5 m long. The shear stress must not exceed 200Mpa. Calculate the maximum torque that should be transmitted and the angle of twist which will occur. Take G = 90 GPa [6 marks]

c) A hollow steel tube 3.5m long has external diameter of 120mm. In order to determine the internal diameter, the tube was subjected to a tensile load of 400kN and the extension was measured to be 2mm. If E = 200GPa. Determine the internal diameter of the tube [6 marks]

Question Three

a) A reinforced concrete column 500 mm by 500mm in section is reinforced with 4 steel bars of 25mm diameter, one in each corner. The column is carrying a load of 1000kN. Find the stresses in the steel and concrete. Take E for steel = 210 GPa and E for concrete = 14 GPa [8 marks]

[6 marks]

[8 marks]

b) Two parallel walls 6m apart are stayed together by a steel rod 25mm diameter passing through metallic plates and nuts at each end. The nuts are tightened home, when the rod is at a temperature of 100°C. Determine the stress in the rod, when the temperature falls down to 60°C, if

- i) The ends do not yield and
- ii) The ends yield by 1mm
- Take E = 200GPa and α = 12 x 10⁻⁶/°C

c) A metal bar 50mm x 50mm in section is subjected to an axial compressive load of 500kN. If the contraction of a 200mm gauge length was found to be 0.5mm and the increase in thickness 0.04mm, find the values of modulus of modulus of elasticity and Poisson's ratio for the bar material [6 marks]

Question Four

a) A punch having diameter d = 20 mm is used to punch a hole in an 8 mm steel plate. If a force P= 110 kN is required to create the hole, what is the average shear stress in the plate and the average compressive stress in the punch? [6 marks]

b) Calculate the maximum stress induced in a cast iron pipe of external diameter 40cm, internal diameter 20cm and length 4m when the pipe is simply supported at both ends and carries a point load of 80kN at the centre [6 marks]

c) The stresses at a point of a machine component are 150MPa and 50MPa both tensile. Find the intensities of normal, shear and resultant stresses on a plane inclined at an angle of 55° with the axis of major tensile stress. Also determine the magnitude of the maximum shear stress in the component **[8 marks]**

Question Five

a) A 150mm (width) by 250mm (depth) rectangular beam is subjected to a maximum bending moment of 750kNm. Determine

i) The maximum stress in the beam

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ii) The radius of curvature for that portion where the bending is maximum

iii) The value of longitudinal stress at a distance of 65mm from the top surface of the beam

Take E = 200GPa

b) The ratio of inside and outside diameter of a hollow tube is 0.6. The material must not experience a shear stress greater than 0.5 MPa. The shaft must transmit 1 MW of mechanical power at 1200 rev/min. Calculate the shaft diameters [6 marks]

c) Sketch a the stress-strain curve for a mild steel

[6 marks]

[8marks]

[6 marks]