



MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

END OF TERM EXAMINATION MAIN CAMPUS

FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE

OF

BACHELOR OF MEDICINE AND BACHELOR OF SURGERY

COURSE CODE:

MCS 417

COURSE TITLE:

JUNIOR CLERKSHIP REPRODUCTIVE

HEALTH

DATE 22NDAPRILL 2022

TIME: 8AM - 10AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

E.g. Answer ALL questions in section A,B and C

TIME: 2 HOURS

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

Question 1

Define maternal death (5 marks)

Question 2

List the five major direct causes of maternal death in Kenya (5 marks)

Question 3

During your County referral hospital labour ward rotation, the midwife alerts you about Jane Njambi, a 39 year old now para 4 +0 who presents as a referral from a peripheral facility with a history of heavy per vaginal bleeding following a home delivery assisted by a traditional birth attendant. She delivered about 30 minutes prior to presentation. The nurse is concerned that Jane has postpartum haemorrhage and asks you to review the patient

- a) Define and classify postpartum haemorrhage? (15marks)
- b) On further enquiry Jane and her family express concern that the outcome would have been different if this complication was anticipated. You state that the clinician cannot predict the outcome but can identify risk factors for postpartum haemorrhage. What are the maternal and fetal risk factors for postpartum haemorrhage? (15 marks)
- You and your colleagues brainstorm on the causes of Jane's diagnosis of postpartum haemorrhage, and the general and cause specific management of Jane following the diagnosis.
 Outline four causes of postpartum haemorrhage (8 marks)
- d) Describe the general resuscitation management plan (14 marks)
- e) For each cause listed in (c) above, list the specific management plans (16 marks)
- f) Jane is informed that she is at greater risk of having postpartum haemorrhage in subsequent pregnancy and delivery. Describe the care that would prevent postpartum haemorrhage in subsequent pregnancy both antenatally and pospartum. (10 marks)
- g) One of your colleagues states that Jane's conditions is a major type of obstetric haemorrhage, leading cause of maternal mortality and morbidity. Describe the other causes of obstetric haemorrhage (12 marks)