



(University of Choice) MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST) REGULAR UNIVERSITY EXAMS

SCHOOL OF NURSING MIDWIFERY AND PARAMEDICAL SCIENCES

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR THIRD YEAR SECOND TRIMESTER

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MEDICAL SOCIAL WORK

COURSE CODE: NMS326 COURSE TITLE: ORGAN TRANSPLANT

DATE: 21ST / APRIL / 2022

TIME: 11:00AM-11:00AM

INSTRUCTIONS

This paper consists of three sections:

i. Section A – Multiple Choice Questions

ii. Section B – Short Answer Question

iii. Section C – Long Answer Question.

Answer all questions

TIME: 3 Hours

SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20MKS)

1. All of the following belong to the urinary system except?			the following belong to the urinary system except?				
		A.	Urethra.				
		В.	Ureter.				
		C.	Bladder.				
		D.	Prostrate.				
1	2.	The st	The structure that connects the kidney to the urinary bladder is;				
		A.	Urethra.				
		В.	Ureter.				
		C.	Renal pelvis.				
		D.	Collecting duct.				
į	3.	An ap	proved systemic therapy for End Stage Renal Disease is;				
		A.	Everolimus.				
		В.	Tacrolimus.				
		C.	Temsirolimus.				
		D.	Bevacizumab.				
	4.	Which	of the following personality is regarded as the father of nephrology				
		Α.	Richard Bright.				
		B.	Thomas Graham.				
		C.	William Kolf.				
		D.	Barry Brenner.				
	5.	Which	n one is not a principle that guides hemodialysis;				
		Α.	Active transport.				
		В.	Osmosis.				
		C.	Diffusion.				
		D	Ultrafiltration.				

6.	Which is	s not true about the structure of the kidney;
	A. V	Vidth 5cm
	В. І	Length 4.3 inch
	С. Т	Thickness 2.5 cm
	D. V	Weight 115- 170 kgs
7.	The foll	owing are kidney parts except;
	A. I	Renal cuticle
	В. 1	Renal papilla
	C. 1	Renal hilum
	D.]	Renal pelvis
8.	. Which i	s not an indication for performing peritoneal dialysis on a patient;
	Α.	Old age
		Those unwilling to undergo hemodialysis, conservative management or transplant
	C.	Patients with HIV
	D.	Diabetic patients
9	. All are	purposes of dialysis, which one is not;
	Α.	To remove uremic waste
	В.	To treat hyperkalemia and hypercalcemia
	C.	To lower BP
	D.	To remove excess fluid
1	0. Periton	eal dialysis may not work if;
	Α.	Patient is obese
	В.	Patient is HIV positive
	C.	Patient is 35 years and over
	D.	Patient has extensive surgical scars in the abdomen.

B. Diabetes
C. High cholestrol
D. Race
12. The following are pre-renal causes of chronic renal disease except;
A. Hypertensive nephrosclerosis
B. Renal atery stenosis
C. Vasoregulation
D. Postatic hypertrophy
13. The main focus of management for renal disease is;
A. Restore renal blood flow.
B. Treat urinary obstruction.
C. Prevent further complications.
D. Review medicine use.
14. Which is a precaution after kidney transplant;
A. Avoid body contact with anybody.
B. Maintain 1 metre distance away from each other.
C. Wear a mask for the first 6 wks.
D. Eat raw food.

11. Which of the following is not a risk factor to kidney disease;

15. The following are advantages of kidney transplant except;

C. One is more likely to stay employed.

D. Finding an organ donor is very easy.

A. Improves quality of life.

B. Saves cost.

A. Age 35 and older

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16. Which	is not a donor right;
A.	To be paid.
В.	Be given access to organisation's financial statements.
C.	Be assured their organs will be used effectively.
D.	Be assured of confidentiality.
17. The fol	lowing are nephrology patient rights except;
A.	Quality care.
В.	Free medical services.
C.	Information.
D.	Privacy and confidentiality.
18. The following	lowing are types of vascular access save for;
A.	AV graft
В.	AV fistula
C.	AV access
D.	Catheter
19. Patients	s undergoing hemodialysis are likely to face the following complications except;
A.	Changes in body image
В.	Access infection
C.	Fluid overload
D.	Excess energy for physical activity
20. Which o	ne is not a basic health ethical principles
A	Beneficence
В	. Justice
	and the state of t