



# (University of Choice) MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

MAIN CAMPUS

### UNIVERSITY MAIN EXAMINATIONS 2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

#### FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTEREXAMINATIONS

# FOR THE DEGREE **OF** MASTERS OF SCIENCE IN MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES

COURSE CODE: BMM 826

COURSE TITLE: FOOD, WATER AND PUBLIC HEALTH MICROBIOLOGY

DATE: 27/04/2022

TIME: 12.00 -2.00 PM

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This paper consists of three sections: five questions:

Number one is compulsory, choose three questions from the remaining

TIME: 3 Hours

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

#### Instructions: Answer question one and any other three questions

- 1. a. What are the current challenges that affect the food safety? (10 marks)
  - b. Discuss how to prevent cross-contamination of food and foodborne illness (10 marks)
  - c. Discuss the four key important principles in food control (5 marks)
- 2. aBy giving examples discuss two water based related diseases and two waterborne diseases (10 marks)
- b. Give the steps of typical sewage treatment (10 marks)
- c. By citing examples discuss coliforms as used as indicators? (5 marks)
- 3. a Discuss the elements of transmission cycle of disease (10 marks)
  - b. Discuss suggestions for enhanced public health against emerging infectious diseases? (10 marks)
  - c. What is biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) and how is BOD measured? (5 marks)
- 4. aWhat are the types of bioterrorism and the possible bacterial agent that can be used? (10marks)
  - b. The occurrence of an epidemic always signals some significant shift in the existing balance between the agent, host and environment; explain the various steps involved in investigation an epidemic? (10 marks)
  - c. Enumerate the objectives of epidemiology in public health? (5 marks)
- 5. a. Describe the extrinsic factors that cause microbial growth in food? (5 marks)
  - b. Explain the principles of Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) in food safety? (10marks)
  - c. Explain various infection prevention and control measures that should be practiced in relation to hospital acquired infections (10 marks)