





(University of Choice)

MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

THIRD YEAR SECOND TRIMESTER EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING

COURSE CODE:

NCG 323

COURSE TITLE:

HEALTH MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

SYSTEM

DATE: 19TH APRIL 2022

TIME: 11.30-2.30 PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer ALL questions in this paper.

TIME: 3 Hours

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 5 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

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MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (MCQS)

(20 MARKS)

- 1. Characteristics of good information include:
 - a) Being Insufficiently accurate for its purpose.
 - b) Being communicated to every person at once
 - c) Communicated by an inappropriate channel of communication
 - d) Being from a source in which the user has confidence
- 2. Data related to diagnostic test results of a patient can be classified as:
 - a) Health related information
 - b) Clinical information
 - c) Health management information
 - d) Health services information
- 3. John's weight is 73 kgs. The weight can be classified as:
 - a) Nominal data.
 - b) Ordinal data.
 - c) Interval data
 - d) Ratio data.
- 4. Two key obligations of health policy 2014-2030 are:
 - a) Realization of fundamental human rights and social accountability.
 - b) Realization of fundamental human rights and contribution to economic development as envisioned by vision 2030
 - c) Economic development and social accountability
 - d) Realization of fundamental human rights and equity
- 5. Examples of information outputs include:
 - a) Summaries, Reports, Registers, Assessment tools
 - b) Reports, Prescription Book, Registers, Summaries
 - c) Reports, Alerts, Registers, Summaries
 - d) Reports, Alerts, Registers, Prescription Book
- 6. The acronym IRM in health management information system refers to:
 - a) Information resource Mapping
 - b) Information resource management.
 - c) Information risk management.
 - d) Innovative resource management
- 7. Which of the following HMIS instruments is misplaced:-.
 - a) Maternal Child Booklet
 - b) CHANIS record
 - c) Outpatient Record Register
 - d) Immunization tally sheet
- 8. Which of the following information will be helpful in facility performance /coverage assessment:
 - a. Stock out information
 - b. Hospital staff as per the standards

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- c. Number of pneumonia cases admitted in the hospital
- d. Percentage of pregnant women delivered at the health facility.
- 9. Sources of data for HMIS include:
 - a) Registers, census reports, tallies
 - b) Census reports, tallies, surveys
 - c) Surveys, registers, tallies
 - d) Surveys, census, registers
- 10. HMIS reforms are required to:
 - a) Reduce data burden
 - b) Limit information partnerships
 - c) Correct limited funding
 - d) Enhance culture of information generation and use.
- 11. A variable that permits to measure a given condition over time is called:
 - a) Target
 - b) Indicator
 - c) Baseline
 - d) Data
- 12. The objective of the data quality audit tool is:
 - a) Audit the entire monitoring and evaluation system of a country's response to HIV/AIDS, TB and Malaria.
 - b) Verify the quality of data reported for key indicators
 - c) Looks at non established standards programme level output indicators
 - d) Address a limited scope.
- 13. Information use depends on all the following except:
 - a) Timeliness
 - b) Relevance
 - c) Form
 - d) Attributes of the sender
- 14. Data collation refers to:
 - a) Data collection
 - b) Presentation of data.
 - c) Assembly of written information into standard order.
 - d) Data capture and recording
- 15. Which of the following is TRUE about plans for dissemination and use of information:
 - a) It should only target the relevant group or population.
 - b) Same information products are expected to be produced for reporting and dissemination
 - c) During dissemination, print and broadcast media for general population
 - d) Patients, community health volunteers and health care staffs are the only beneficiary of health information.

- 16. District Health Information software (DHIS2):
 - a) Has been changed to county Health Information system(CHIS 2)
 - b) Is a tool for collection, validation, analysis and presentation of aggregated data.
 - c) It only hosts community health information system
 - d) Not tailored to integrated health information management.
- 17. Data repository:
 - a) Is a form of data collection platform?
 - b) Entails a set of logically and un related data stored together
 - c) Entails a set of logically and related data stored together
 - d) Focuses on electronic data only
- 18. Indexing of data sets refers to:
 - a) Getting the right information to right manager at the right time
 - b) Providing for storage of information to permit its use again if needed
 - c) Classifying information for storage and retrieval purposes
 - d) Categorization of data.
- 19. Which of the following Levels of Organizational Decision Making is correctly matched:
 - a) Strategic How goals are implemented
 - b) Tactical How goals are to be achieved
 - c) Operational –What goals are to be achieved
 - d) Recurrent How goals will be repetitively handled

For Question 20, Indicate if TRUE or False

- 20. i) ICD-10 is the most current version of International Classification of Diseases .
- ii) The ultimate objective of health information systems is therefore not to improve action but to gain information.

PART TWO: - SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

(40 Marks)

- 1. Explain three objectives of a Health Management Information System (6 marks)
- 2. Explain two types of Health Management Information System (HMIS) (4 marks)
- 3. Distinguish between open and closed information systems.

6 marks

- 4. State five Data management policies or regulations utilized in health institutions (5 marks)
- 5. Describe any five (5) security measures you would put in place to ensure data security and confidentiality. (10 marks)
- 6. Discuss three ways in which you can ensure HMIS is simple and sustainable. (9 marks)

SECTION C [LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS]

(40 marks)

- 1. Discuss five practical solutions to common deficiencies of the existing health information systems in Kenya [20 marks]
- 2. Discuss steps involved in Developing a Health Management Information System [20 marks]