



MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND **TECHNOLOGY**

(MMUST)

MAIN/BUNGOMA/WEBUYE/KAPSABET/MUMIAS/NAIROBI CAMPUS

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

FORTH YEAR SPECIAL/SUPPLIMENTARY **EXAMINATIONS**

FOR THE DEGREE

OF

BACHELOR OF COMMERCE

COURSE CODE:

BCA 422

COURSE TITLE: TAXATION THEORY AND PRACTICE

DATE: FRIDAY, 5TH AUGUST 2022

TIME: 2-4PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer QUESTION ONE and ANY OTHER TWO questions.

TIME: 2 HOURS

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 7 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

RATE OF TAX (including wife's employment, self-employment and professional income rates of tax)

| | Annual | Monthly | Rates |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------|-------|
| On the first | Ksh.134,164 | Ksh. 11,180 | @ 10% |
| On the next | Ksh. 126,403 | Ksh. 10,534 | @ 15% |
| On the next | Ksh. 126,403 | Ksh. 10,534 | @ 20% |
| On the next | Ksh. 126,403 | Ksh. 10,534 | @ 25% |
| On all income over | Ksh. 513,373 | Ksh. 42,782 | @ 30% |

Personal relief Sh. 1,280 per month (Sh. 15,360 per annum) Prescribed benefits rates of motor vehicles provided by employer

| | omeres provide | a of empre | <i>y</i> • . | Monthly rates (Sh.) | Annual rates (Sh.) |
|----------------------------|----------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Capital Allowances: | (i) | Saloon | s, Hatch backs an | ıd | |
| Wear and tear allowance: | | | estates | | |
| Class I 37.5 | 5% | Up to | 1200 cc | 3,600 | 43,200 |
| Class II 30% | , 0 | 1201 | 1500 cc | 4,200 | 50, 400 |
| Class III 25% | , 0 | 1501 | 1750 cc | 5,800 | 69,600 |
| Class IV 12.5 | 5% | 1751 | 2000 cc | 7,200 | 86,400 |
| Industrial Building Allowa | ance: | 2001 | 3000 cc | 8,600 | 103,200 |
| Up to 2009 | 2.5% | Over | 3000 cc | 14,400 | 172, 800 |
| From January 2010 | 10% | | | , | • |
| Hostels | 10.0% | | | | |
| Hostels/Education | | | | | |
| Buildings | 50.0% | | | | |
| Farm allowance: | 100% | | | | |
| Investment deduction | 100% | Pick-up, | panel van (Uncon | verted) | |
| | , | Up to | 1750 cc | 3,600 | 43,200 |
| | | Over | 1750 cc | 4,200 | 50,400 |
| | | Land Ro | vers/Cruisers | 7,200 | 86,400 |
| Shipping investment dedu | ction 40% | | | , | , |
| Mining allowance | | | | | |
| Year 1 - | 40% | | | | |
| Y 0.7 | 100/ | | | | |

Year 2-7 - 10%

Commissioner's prescribed benefit rates

| | | Monthly rates | Annual rates |
|-----------|---|---------------|--------------|
| Services | | Sh. | Sh. |
| (i) | Electricity (Communal or from generator) | 1,500 | 18,000 |
| (ii) | Water (Communal or from borehole) | 500 | 6,000 |
| Agricultu | iral employees: Reduced rates of benefits | | |
| (i) | Water | 200 | 2,400 |
| (ii) | Electricity | 900 | 10,800 |

OUESTION ONE (30 MARKS) COMPULSORY

- a) Discuss four factors that influence tax shifting in an economy. (4 marks)
- b) Identify four ways in which an individual or firm could engage in —tax avoidance. (4 marks)
- c) Discuss four arguments in favour of progressive taxes in a country(4 marks)
- d) One of the challenges faced by a number of countries today is how to finance their budget deficits, The problem is compounded by the fact that some of the alternatives available for financing the budget deficit might negatively impact on the country.
 - **Required:** Citing one disadvantage in each case, briefly explain three measures that a government could undertake to finance a budget deficit.(3marks)
- e) Halima and Cherono are partners trading as Hache Enterprises and sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2: 1 respectively.

The partners presented the Following income statement for the year ended 31 December 2017:

| Income | Sh. | Sh. |
|---|-----------|-------------|
| Discount received | | 3,000,000 |
| Interest on bank deposits (net) | | 200,000 |
| Farming income | | 60,000 |
| Foreign exchange gain | | 280,000 |
| Insurance compensation for stolen motor vehicle | | 156,000 |
| Discount received | | 200,000 |
| Expenses: | | |
| General expenses | 1,750,000 | |
| Loss on disposal of equipment | 30,500 | |
| License and permits | 15,200 | , |
| Stamp duty | 2,600 | |
| Interest on capital – Halima | 184,000 | |
| Cherono | 145,000 | |
| Salaries and wages | 1,200,000 | |
| Subscriptions to trade association | 28,000 | |
| Rent and rates | 40,000 | |
| Purchase of furniture | 42,000 | |
| Legal expenses | 120,000 | |
| Farm works at cost | 30,000 | (3,578,300) |
| Net profit | | 308,700 |

Additional information:

- i. Salaries and wages include Sh.420, 000 and Sh.630, 000 paid to Halima and Cherono respectively.
- ii. Rent and rates relate to a period of 15 months commencing 1 January 2013.
- iii. The general expenses comprised of:

| | Sh. |
|--|---------|
| Cash embezzled by the cashier | 60,000 |
| Partitions of the office | 120,000 |
| Partnership's Jubilee celebrations | 250,000 |
| Donations to National Disaster Committee | 430,000 |
| Other office expenses | 350,000 |

iv. Legal expenses include:

| | Sh. |
|---|--------|
| Parking fines paid to the local council | 15,000 |
| Defending the partner in an income tribunal | 22,300 |
| Drafting tender documents | 47,000 |
| Drafting lease documents (100 years lease) | 35,500 |

Required:

- I. Adjusted partnership taxable profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2017. (10 marks)
- II. Allocation of the taxable partnership profit or loss computed in (e) (I) above. (5 marks)

OUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) An optimal tax system is one that satisfies the principles of taxation . with reference to the above statement. Explain the four main canon of taxation as advanced by Adam Smiths. (8 marks)
- b) Umeshi Osodo was employed by Metal Max Ltd. as a human resource manager with effect from 1 January 2017. He reported the following incomes for the year ended 31 December 2017:
- i. Basic salary Sh. 80,000 per month (PAYE Sh. 12,000 per month).
- ii. The employer paid his annual life insurance premiums at an amount equivalent to 5% of his annual basic salary.
- iii. He earned a net interest income of Sh. 150,000 during the year from his investments in housing development bonds.
- iv. The employer provided him with a house whose market rental value was Sh. 50,000 per month. The employer deducted 5% of his basic salary per month as nominal rent.
- v. Education fees for his two children amounting to Sh. 180,000 were paid by the employer during the year. This amount was charged in the employer's income statement.
- vi. The employer reimbursed him for all out of pocket expenses incurred on the official use of his personal car.
- vii. In the year 2017, the amount reimbursed amounted to Sh. 180,000. He had purchased the car in the year 2015 at a cost of Sh. 900,000. The car had an engine capacity of 1600 cc.
- viii. He contributed Sh. 28,000 per month to a registered pension scheme. The employer contributed Sh. 18,000 per month for him to the same scheme.
- ix. He received entertainment allowance amounting to Sh. 40,000. He utilized the amount in celebrating his birthday together with his family.
- x. He received a year-end bonus payable to executive staff of Sh. 80,000
- xi. The employer provided him with electricity, water, telephone and a cook at a cost of Sh. 15.000, Sh. 9,000, Sh.60,000 and Sh. 18,000 per month respectively.
- xii. During the year Umeshi Osodo was declared the best employee and the employer paid him a reward of Sh. 100,000.
- xiii. He received medical benefits amounting to Sh. 420,000 from the employer. The company has a medical scheme for all staff members.

Required

Compute the following for the year ended 31 December 2017:

- I. Taxable income for Umeshi Osodo. (8 marks)
- II. Tax liability (if any) on the income in (b)(i) above. (4 marks)

OUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

General expenses include:

| Directors' Christmas party | 36,000 |
|--|--------|
| Increase in general provision for bad and doubtful debts | 14,000 |
| Defending a company driver in a traffic offence | 10,000 |

Subscriptions paid include:

| Donations to a children's home | 8,000 |
|--|-------|
| Donations to a registered political party | 4,600 |
| Membership fees to the National Agricultural Society | 4,400 |

Professional fees include:

| Architect's fees on proposed farm work | 48,400 |
|---|--------|
| Farm valuation fees | 27,400 |
| Valuation of farm machinery for disposal purposes | 24,600 |

Farm works acquired on 1 January 2017 comprised:

| Livestock trough | 90,000 |
|------------------|---------|
| Granary | 20,000 |
| Farmhouse | 480,000 |
| Labour line | 240,000 |

Required:

I. A statement of adjusted taxable profit (or loss) for the year ended 31 December 2017. (9 marks)

II. Tax payable (if any) by the company.(3 marks)

OUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

Jawabu Ltd. commenced its operations on 1 January 2016 after obtaining a licence to manufacture leather bags for export. The following: information relates to the company's operations for the financial years ended 31 December 2016 and 2017:

i. The company incurred the following expenditure prior to the commencement of its operations

| Acquisition of land | 15,000,000 |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Demolition of old buildings | 800,000 |
| Staff canteen | 1,500,000 |
| Factory building construction | 14,000,000 |
| Labour quarters | 1,200,000 |
| Stone perimeter wall | 2,500,000 |

ii. On 5 January 2016, the following assets were acquired:

| Conveyor belts | 72,000 |
|---|-----------|
| Imported processing machinery (including import duty Sh. 200,000) | 2,600,000 |
| Cash registers | 120,000 |
| Fax machines | 200,000 |
| Delivery vans | 1,500,000 |
| Computers | 320,000 |

iii. A borehole was drilled at a cost of Sh.680,000 and utilized with effect from 1 October 2016.

iv. The factory building constructed comprised of a warehouse costing Sh.6,000,000, administration block costing Sh. 1,500,000 and a showroom costing sh. 2,200,000

a) Indicate whether the following individuals who have no permanent home in the country are considered as resident or non-resident for the year ended 31st December 2017 for income tax purposes. Show your working where applicable.

| Name Mrs omondi | Year 2017 2016 | No of days present in kenya 72 115 |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| | 2015 | 177 |
| Mr. Kamau | 2017 2016 | 105 |
| | 2015 | 145 146 |
| Mr Mbithi | 2017 2016 2015 | 189 48 Nil |
| Mr Wafula | 2017 2016 2015 | Nil 224 188 |

b) Rift Valley Ltd. is in the business of farming. The following income statement was obtained from the books of the company for the year ended 31 December 2017:

| Income: | Sh. | Sh. |
|--------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Sale of horticultural products | 3,600,000 | |
| Sale of livestock | 2,840,960 | |
| Gain on sale of shares | 14,180 | |
| Foreign exchange gain | 36,400 | 6,491,540 |
| Expenditure: | | |
| Insecticides | 250,000 | The state of the s |
| Veterinary services | 284,600 | |
| Purchase of fertilizer | 562,000 | |
| Packaging materials | 246,400 | |
| Professional fees | 274,000 | |
| Subscriptions paid | 34,240 | |
| Repairs and maintenance | 580,000 | |
| Motor vehicle running. Costs | 624,900 | |
| Interest on loan | 249,400 | 1100 |
| Salaries and wages | 1,490,400 | |
| General expenses | 145,700 | (145,700) |
| Net profit | | 1,749,900 |

Additional information:

Repairs and maintenance include:

| | Sh |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Freight charges on machinery | 98,000 |
| Provision for fencing expenditure | 120,000 |
| Purchase of furniture | 78,000 |

v. On 2 January 2017, the company acquired the following additional assets:

| is a cumularly act, the company acquire and action | |
|--|------------|
| Air filters | 420,000 |
| Heating plant | 380,000 |
| Photocopier | 140,000 |
| Pick-up | 1,200, 000 |
| Factory machinery | 750,000 |
| Lorry (10 tonnes) | 4,500, 000 |
| Office cabinets | 120, 000 |
| Computer software | 160, 000 |
| Silencers (fitted on factory building) | 180, 000 |

- vi. A loading bay and an extension to the factory building were constructed and utilized with effect from 2 January 2017. The loading bay cost Sh. 2,400,000 while the factory extension cost Sh.3,500,000.
- vii. On 1 July 2017, Jawabu Ltd. ceased to manufacture bags for export and started selling its bags in the local market. On the same date the company disposed of the following assets:

| Asset | Cash proceeds Sh |
|---------------|------------------|
| Computers | 220,000 |
| Heating plant | 130,000 |
| Fax machine | 100,000 |

Required:

Capital allowances due to Jawabu Ltd.

- a) For the year ended 31 December 2016 (8 marks)
- b) For the year ended 31 December 2017 (12 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Outline four offences under the value added tax (VAT) Act.
- b) Beta Supermarket Ltd. is registered for VAT. During the month of January 2018, the supermarket had the following transactions:

January

- 1. Sold goods on credit to Mwamba Enterprises for Sh. 400,000.
- 2. Purchased goods on credit from Hekima Traders for Sh. 200,000
- 3. Paid for catering expenses Sh. 68,000 by cash
- 4. Mwamba Enterprises returned goods valued at Sh.60, 000, and received a credit note.
- 5. Exported goods to Uzalendo Ltd., a company based in Rwanda for Sh. 300,000
- 6. Purchased stationery for Sh. 84,000 on credit from Smart Books Bookshop.
- 7. Purchased goods for Shs 800,000 from Uchumi Enterprises on credit
- 8. Imported goods from Canada for Sh. 900,000 exclusive of import duty of 25% and value added tax at 16%.
- 9. Received a debit note of Sh. 48,000 from Uchumi Enterprises
- 10. Paid electricity bills amounting to Sh. 24,000 by cheque
- 11. Engaged an auditor and paid him Sh. 60,000 for auditing the supermarket's inventory.
- 12. Sold goods worth Sh. 1,400,000 to the Ministry of Youth and Sports
- 13. Bought spare .parts for repair of motor vehicles for Sh. 120,000
- 14. Sold goods on credit to Jawabu Enterprises for Sh. 800,000
- 30. Made cash sales of Sh. 200,000 and banked the cash on the same day

The above transactions are stated inclusive of VAT at the rate of 16% where applicable and unless otherwise stated.

Required:

A value added tax (VAT) account for the month of January 2017.