



(University of Choice)

MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

(Main Campus)

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2021/2022 ACADEMIC YEAR

**SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER
SPECIAL/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS**

FOR THE DEGREE OF

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CIVIL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING

COURSE CODE: CSE 222

COURSE TITLE: SOIL MECHANICS I

DATE: 02 AUGUST 2022

TIME: 11.AM. – 1 PM.

Instructions to Candidates

- This paper contains FOUR (4) questions
- Answer ALL questions in Section A and ANY TWO (2) in Section B

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over →

SECTION A: Answer ALL questions [30 Marks]**Question One**

a) A sample of wet soil was extruded from a sampling tube of diameter 100 mm in a soil testing laboratory. The length of extruded sample was 200 mm. The mass of the wet soil was 3.15 kg. Following a water content determination, the mass of the dry soil was found to be 2.82 kg. Determine the;

- | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| i. Bulk density | (4 marks) |
| ii. Water content | (3 marks) |
| iii. Dry density | (3 marks) |
| iv. Dry unit weight of the soil | (3 marks) |

b) In a constant head permeameter test the following results were obtained:

- Duration of test = 4.0 min
- Quantity of water collected = 300 ml
- Head difference in manometer = 50 mm
- Distance between manometer tappings = 100 mm
- Diameter of test sample = 100 mm

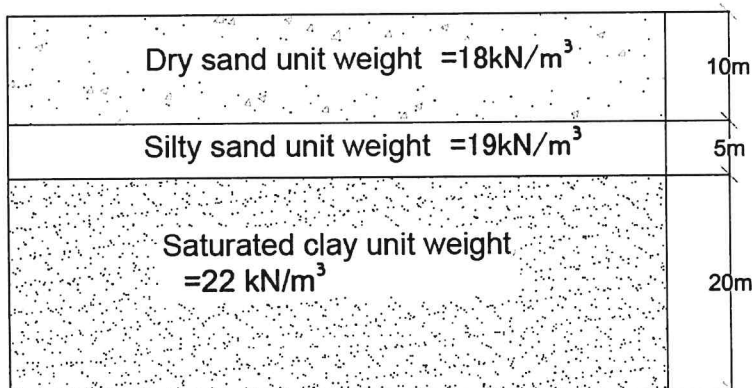
Determine the coefficient of permeability in m/s. (7 marks)

c) With the aid of diagrams, illustrate how the following soil mechanics tests are performed in the laboratory and state their significance;

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| i. Cone penetrometer test | (5 marks) |
| ii. Sand replacement density test | (5 marks) |

SECTION B**(Answer TWO questions)****Question Two****(20 Marks)**

a) For the soil profile in figure Q2. below, determine the total vertical stress, pore water pressure, and effective vertical stress and plot the stress distribution diagram.

(20 marks)**Figure Q2**

Question Three**(20 Marks)**

A BS cone penetrometer test was carried out on a sample of clay with the following results:

Cone Penetration (mm)	16.1	17.6	19.3	21.3	22.6
Water Content (%)	50.0	52.1	54.1	57.0	58.2

The results from the plastic limit test were:

Test No.	Mass of Tin (g)	Mass of tin wet soil + tin (g)	Mass of dry soil + tin (g)
1	8.1	20.7	18.7
2	8.4	19.6	17.8

Determine the liquid limit, plastic limit and the plasticity index of the soil. **(20 marks)**

Question Four**(20 Marks)**

a) A sample, 18 cm long with a cross sectional of 30cm^2 was tested in a constant head permeameter. The discharge was 100 ml in 5 min under a head of 50 cm. The dry weight of sand used for the test was 1100 g, and Specific gravity $G_s = 2.7$. Determine

- i. the hydraulic conductivity in cm/sec **(4 Marks)**
- ii. the discharge velocity **(4 Marks)**
- iii. the seepage velocity. **(6 Marks)**

b) Represent the test in (a) above using a diagram. **(6 Marks)**

Equations

$$I_D = \frac{e_{max} - e}{e_{max} - e_{min}}$$

$$C_z = \frac{D_{30}^2}{D_{60} D_{10}}$$

$$C_u = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}$$

$$I_L = \left(\frac{w - PL}{PI} \right)$$

$$\sigma_{total} = \sigma' + u$$

$$\sigma = \sum \gamma_i \cdot z$$

$$e = n / (1 - n)$$

$$G_s = \frac{M_s}{V_s \rho_w} = \frac{\rho_s}{\rho_w}$$

$$A = \frac{V_a}{V} = \frac{e - w G_s}{1 + e}$$

$$A = n(1 - S_r)$$

$$\gamma = \frac{G_s(1 + w)}{1 + e} \gamma_w$$

$$\gamma = \frac{G_s + S_r e}{1 + e} \gamma_w$$

$$v_s = \frac{v}{n} = \left(\frac{1 + e}{e} \right) v$$

$$S_r = \frac{V_w}{V_n} = \frac{w G_s}{e}$$

$$n = \frac{V_v}{V_s + V_v} = \frac{e}{1 + e}$$

$$\rho_{sat} = \frac{G_s + e}{(1 + e)} \rho_w$$

$$\rho_d = \frac{G_s}{(1 + e)} \rho_w$$

$$A = n(1 - S_r)$$

$$\rho = \frac{M}{V} = \frac{G_s(1 + w)\rho_s}{(1 + e)}$$

$$\rho = \frac{G_s + S_r e}{(1 + e)} \rho_w$$

$$k = \frac{ql}{Ah}$$

$$k = \frac{al}{At_1} \ln \frac{h_0}{h_1}$$

$$= 2.3 \frac{al}{At_1} \log \frac{h_0}{h_1}$$

$$i = \frac{h}{L}$$

$$q = vA = Aki$$

$$v = ki$$

$$\gamma_d = \frac{\gamma}{1 + w}$$

$$m_v = - \frac{\Delta e}{\Delta p(1 + e_1)}$$

$$C_c = \frac{e_1 - e_2}{\log_{10} p_2 - \log_{10} p_1}$$