



(University of Choice)

**MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
(MMUST)
MAIN CAMPUS
UNIVERSITY REGULAR EXAMINATIONS
2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR
FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS
FOR THE DEGREE
OF
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (CHEMISTRY, INDUSTRIAL
CHEMISTRY)**

COURSE CODE: SCH 221

**COURSE TITLE: INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF CHEMICAL
ANALYSIS**

DATE: 25/04/2023

TIME: 12.00-2.00 PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Attempt all questions

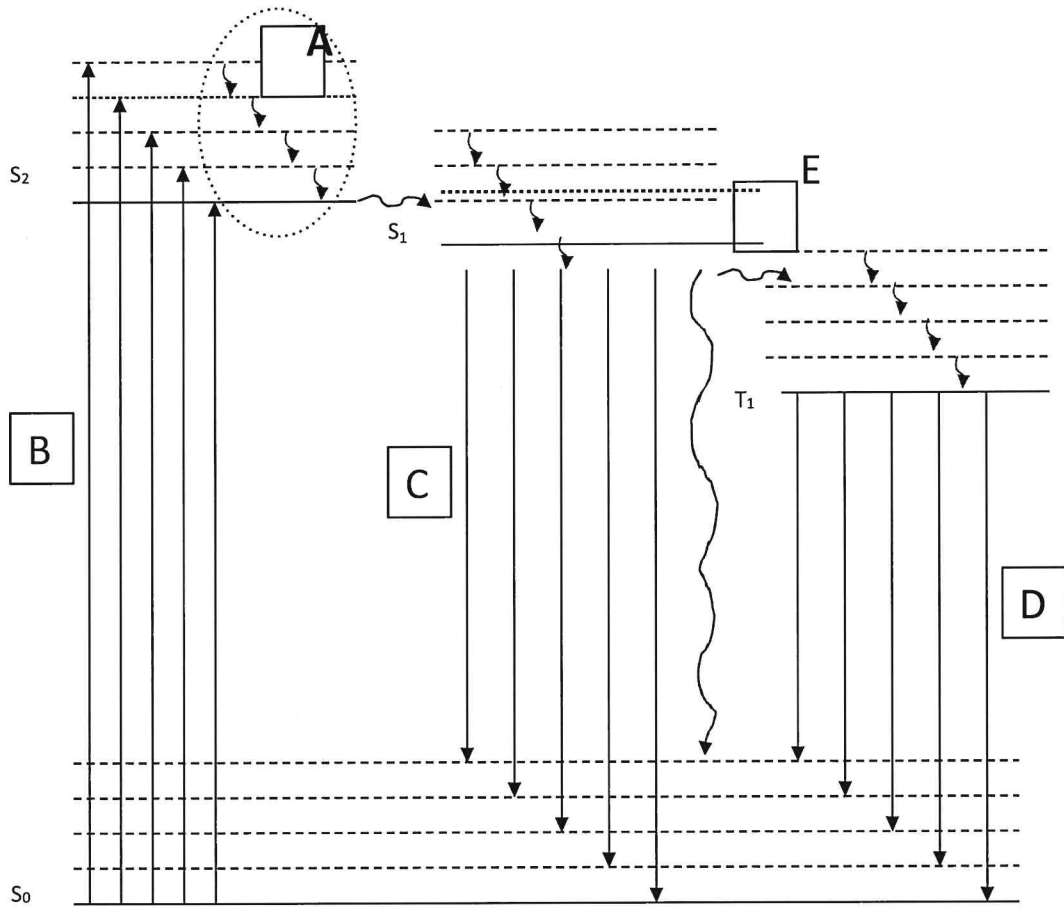
TIME: 2 Hours

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

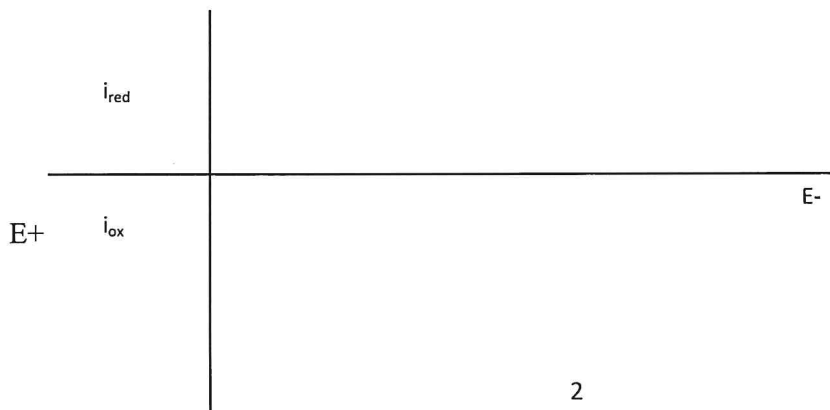
This Paper Consists of 5 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over. ►

Question 1

(a) Label the transitions (the large letters) in the following diagram (5 marks)



(b) Sketch a cyclic voltammogram of a hypothetical reversible redox-couple: $A + e = A^-$ (5 marks)



(c) A differential pulse polarogram gave a peak current of $10.1 \mu\text{A}$ for Cd^{2+} reduction for a 20.00 ml water sample. A spike of 0.0100 ml of 0.025 M of Cd^{2+} to this sample volume gives a current of $23.1 \mu\text{A}$. What is the concentration of Cd^{2+} in the original sample?

Hint: consider that the volume after that spike did not significantly change (20.00 vs 20.01 ml) (7 marks)

Question 2

(a) List four types of motions executed by vibrating I.R. molecules. (4 marks)

(b) A fundamental I.R. absorption peak has a frequency $\mu = 1051 \text{ cm}^{-1}$. Calculate the frequency of first overtone. (2 marks)

(c) Describe the infrared spectroscopic method of determination of concentration of unknown sample. (6 marks)

(d) The presence of an impurity X in propane was determined using absorption band of X standard at 2041 cm^{-1} . The data obtained is given below;

%X	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00
Absorbance	0.240	0.481	0.719	0.915

(i) define the figure 2041 cm^{-1} stating what it reflects in terms of FTIR (2 marks)

(ii) calculate the percentage of X in an unknown sample that had an absorbance of 0.624 using the same cell and same instrument. (4 marks)

Question 3

(a) Describe and give three main chemical interferences seen in atomic absorption spectroscopy (6 marks)

(b) An ore is suspected to contain Zinc. Describe the AAS analytical procedure for;

(i) Confirmation of presence of zinc in the ore. (6 marks)

(ii) Determination of concentration level of zinc in the ore. (6 marks)

Question 4

- (a) Define the following terms as used in NMR spectroscopy (4 marks)
- Shielding
 - De-shielding
- (b) Using appropriate diagrams explain why increasing the alignment of the magnetic moment of an atomic with the applied magnetic field strength results in an increased signal in NMR. (5 marks)
- (c) The ^1H NMR spectra of N-sec-butylaniline obtained on 60 MHz and 220 MHz instruments is shown below:
- Discuss the effect of the magnetic field strength in NMR spectral analysis (2 marks)
 - Based on the chemical shifts shown, which protons are most heavily shielded? Explain. (2 marks)
 - Why are the resonances for the 6 and 7 protons split into 2 and 3 peaks, respectively? (2 marks)
 - Discuss the difference in spectra between position 1 and 3 (2 marks)

