

(University of Choice)

## MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

MAIN CAMPUS

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2019/2020 ACADEMIC YEAR

## SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

## FOR THE DIPLOMA IN MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCE DIRECT ENTRY

## MAIN EXAM

COURSE CODE: BMD 222.

## COURSE TITLE: COMMUNICATION IN HEALTHCARE

**DATE:** 7<sup>th</sup> DECEMBER 2020

TIME: 2.00 -4.00PM

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This paper is divided into three sections, **A B** and **C**, carrying respectively: Multiple Choice Questions (**MCQs**), Short Answer Questions (**SAQs**) and Long Answer Questions (**LAQs**).

TIME: 3 Hours

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

This Paper Consists of 4 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over. Page 1 of 4

#### SECTION A

- 1. All the following are principles of communication **EXCEPT**?
  - A. Integration
  - B. Organization
  - C. Clarity
  - D. Adequacy and consistency
- 2. Communication in an informal channel of communication is characterized by
  - A. Lack of a chain of command or hierarchy.
  - B. Presence of a chain of command and hierarchy.
  - C. Communication outside the work environment.
  - D. Personal communication.
- 3. Which one of the following **DOES NOT** follow under the three general categories of public communication?
  - A. Speaking to inform.
  - B. Speaking to persuade
  - C. Speaking for leisure
  - D. Speaking to entertain.
- 4. The following should be avoided when giving a speech **EXCEPT**?
  - A. Being audible.
  - B. Talking too fast.
  - C. Using nervous gestures.
  - D. Pocketing.
- 5. One of the strategies that can be applied to enable one become a better speaker and presenter is?
  - A. Exercising regularly
  - B. Paying attention to body language.
  - C. Cramming a speech.
  - D. Dressing casually.
- 6. The following are strategies that help one in listening actively in lectures **EXCEPT**?
  - A. Reading previous notes before a lecture.
  - B. Listening for main ideas.
  - C. Using the phone amidst the lecture.
  - D. Paying keen attention to the lecturer.
- 7. The following are advantages of a face-to-face interview **EXCEPT**?
  - A. Ease of building rapport
  - B. Need for a trained interviewer
  - C. Opportunity for digging deeper
  - D. Ease of reading body language
- 8. Questionnaires that structure answers thus limiting a candidate's response to pre-decided categories are known as
  - A. Open questionnaire.
  - B. Closed questionnaire
  - C. Structured questionnaire
  - D. Voluntary questionnaires
- 9. Which of the following observation types involves a researcher studying the spontaneous behavior of participants in their normal surroundings?
  - A. Controlled observation
  - B. Naturalistic observation
  - C. Participant observation
  - D. Disclosed observation
- 10. Interviews carried out in the presence of two or more interviews in the room are known as?
  - A. Individual interview.

- B. Group interviews.
- C. Panel interviews.
- D. Telephone interviews.
- 11. The following are forms of communication **EXCEPT**?
  - A. Oral communication
  - B. Personal communication
  - C. Written communication
  - D. Formal communication

#### 12. The following are among the main characteristics of critical thinking EXCEPT?

- A. Skepticism
- B. Being active
- C. Rigidity
- D. Open mindedness
- 13. Scanning during reading refers to?
  - A. Reading quickly to search for specific information.
  - B. Reading quickly to gain a general idea.
  - C. Reading to understand meaning of the text.
  - D. Reading quickly to get information words.
- 14. The purpose of Analytical reading is to?
  - A. Give a full grasp and understanding of what is being read.
  - B. Help one to concentrate.
  - C. Boosts the ability to remember.
  - D. Help in the identification of key points.
- 15. Which among the following is NOT an effective reading strategy?
  - A. Vocalizing as you read.
  - B. Reading at times when you can concentrate.
  - C. Read in a well-lit and quiet place.
  - D. Setting reading targets.
- 16. Skimming involves reading all the following EXCEPT?
  - A. Titles
  - B. Subheadings
  - C. References
  - D. Summaries
- 17. Information words in a text refer to?
  - A. Words used to join phrases.
  - B. Words that are essential for meaning.
  - C. Words that summarize the text.
  - D. Words that provide connections
- 18. Which of the following best defines a formal channel of communication?
  - A. A channel in which messages follow a chain of command.
  - B. A channel involving communicating with somewhat relaxed norms
  - C. A channel of sharing immense unofficial communication.
  - D. A channel of sharing information outside work environment
- 19. The following are types of communication channels EXCEPT?
  - A. Audio conferencing
  - B. Emails
  - C. Ethernet
  - D. Face-to-face conversations
- 20. Which of the following communication channels is best suited for conveying complex information privately to an individual or a small group?
  - A. Social media platforms.
  - B. Mobile communication channel.

- C. Broadcast media communication.
- D. Internet.

#### SECTION B

#### Attempt all questions

- 1. List down eight purposes of communication (8marks)
- 2. Briefly describe four channels of communication (8marks)
- 3. With regard to public speaking describe the strategies of becoming a better speaker (4marks)
- 4. Describe the importance of good note taking (4marks)
- 5. Explain six barriers to active listening (6marks)
- 6. Describe five types of interviews (5marks)
- 7. Describe five library resources (5marks)

#### SECTION C

#### Attempt all questions

- 1. Discuss in detail the barriers to communication and how to overcome each of them (20marks)
- 2. Discuss questionnaires and observation as sources of information explaining their various types, advantages, disadvantages and applications (20 marks)
- 3. Discuss the various strategies applied in effective reading (20 marks)