MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES

BMH823 PLATELET AND HAEMOSTASIS DISORDERS (4 CREDIT HOURS)

Lecturer: Mr. Paul M. Kosiyo

Course objective:Building on undergraduate of these haematology aspects this course aims at helping the learner to advance knowledge and understanding of platelet and haemostasis pathology and related investigative technology.

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Discuss the cellular and molecular aspects of the aetiology, pathogenesis and pathology of the various platelet and haemostasis disorders
- 2. Discuss the laboratory investigation and related technology for platelet and haemostasis disorders
- 3. Discuss current advances and emergent issues in platelet and haemostasis pathology and related investigative laboratory technology
- 4. Perform advanced investigative laboratory procedure applicable in studies of platelet and haemostasis pathology

CONTENTS AND OUTLINE:

Introduction: Review of thrombocytopoiesis, thrombocyte morphology, molecular structure and function—Molecular and biochemical factors and processes; Cellular and molecular bases of platelet and haemostasis pathology: Platelet molecules, cellular and molecular regular dysregulation of platelet activities and human disease eg platelet proteins and atherosclerosis; Human platelet toll-like receptors, G-protein signaling cascade and platelet activity in thrombosis and haemostasis; Review of normal haemostasis: Coagulation/thrombosis and thrombolysis--Pathways, molecular and cellular mechanisms and platelet role; Haemostasis disorders: Aetiologies, pathology and pathogenesis; platelets, cellular and biochemical/molecular factors and mechanisms; Platelet pathology: Disorders of thrombopoiesis, Thrombocytopenia; Diseases characterised by local and systemic platelet activation; Pathogenetic roles of platelets beyond thrombosis and haemostasis, including Atherothrombosis; Platelet and haemostatic disorders in extreme age population: Paediatric and Geriatric

Week 1:Review of thrombocytopoiesis,thrombocyte morphology

Week 2: Molecular structure and function—Molecular and biochemical factors and processes

Week 2: Cellular and molecular bases of platelet and haemostasis pathology

Week 3:Platelet molecules, cellular and molecular regular dysregulation of platelet activities and human disease e.g. platelet proteins and atherosclerosis;

Week 4: CAT I

Week 5:Human platelet toll-like receptors, G-protein signaling cascade and platelet activity in thrombosis and haemostasis;

Week 6:Review of normal haemostasis:Coagulation/thrombosis and thrombolysis--Pathways, molecular and cellular mechanisms and platelet role.

Week 7:Haemostasis disorders:Aetiologies, pathology and pathogenesis; platelets, cellular and biochemical/molecular factors and mechanisms

Week 8:CAT II

Week 9: Platelet pathology: Disorders of thrombopoiesis

Week 10: Thrombocytopenia; Diseasescharacterized by local and systemic platelet activation;

Week 11:Pathogenetic roles of platelets beyond thrombosis and haemostasis, including Atherothrombosis;

Lecture12: Platelet and haemostatic disorders in extreme age population: Paediatric and Geriatric

REFERENCES.

REFERENCES

1. McKenzie, S.B. (2004). Clinical Laboratory Hematology. Prentic-Hall, Inc. ISBN 10: 0130199966, ISBN 13: 9780130199966.

2. Bernadette F. Rodak, George A. Fritsma, Elaine Keohane. (2011). Hematology: Clinical Principles and Applications, 4th Edition. Saunders

- 3. Williams Hematology, 7th Edition McCraw-Hill.
- 4. Douglas C.Tkachuk, Jan V. Hirschman. Winthrobe's Atlas of Clinical Hematology
- 5. Web-based resources, include PubMed, Medline, Hinar

Teaching-Learning Strategies

Lecture, Group work and presentations, E-learning, Reading assignments and Seminars, Self-directed learning, Field visits

ASSESSMENT:

Total	100%
End of Semester Examination	60%
Continuous assessment tests	40%

Cc: The Chairman, Department of Medical Laboratory Sciences