



(University of Choice)

MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

(MMUST)

MAIN CAMPUS

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

MAIN EXAM

2023/2024 ACADEMIC YEAR

FIRST YEAR SECOND TRIMESTER EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE OF MEDICAL SOCIAL WORK

COURSE CODE: NRS 121

COURSE TITLE: INTRODUCTION TO MEDICAL SOCIAL WORK

DATE: 8TH APRIL, 2024

TIME: 11:30 AM - 2:30 PM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

Answer all questions in section A, Section B and Section C

TIME: 3 Hours

MMUST observes ZERO tolerance to examination cheating

Paper Consists of 4 Printed Pages. Please Turn Over.

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)

1. Which model recognizes the interconnectedness of biological, psychological, and social factors in health and illness _____?
 - a) Biomedical model
 - b) Psychosocial model
 - c) Biopsychosocial model
 - d) Social determinants model
2. What does systems theory emphasize in medical social work?
 - a) The importance of individual responsibility in healthcare
 - b) Collaboration with other healthcare professionals
 - c) The dominance of biological factors in health outcomes
 - d) The exclusion of social factors from patient care
3. What is a key consideration in medical social work regarding ethics?
 - a) Patient confidentiality
 - b) Patient diagnosis accuracy
 - c) Cost-effectiveness of treatments
 - d) Availability of healthcare resources
4. Cultural competence in medical social work refers to _____:
 - a) Understanding and respecting diverse cultural beliefs and practices
 - b) Applying the same approach to all patients regardless of culture
 - c) Ignoring cultural factors in healthcare decisions
 - d) Providing cultural preferences to patients
5. What is one of the primary roles of medical social workers in healthcare settings?
 - a) Conducting medical procedures
 - b) Prescribing medication
 - c) Assessing and addressing psychosocial needs
 - d) Administering vaccines
6. Medical social workers provide emotional support to patients and families by:
 - a) Administering medication
 - b) Conducting medical tests
 - c) Offering counseling services
 - d) Performing surgical procedures
7. Resource coordination in medical social work involves:
 - a) Identifying community resources for patients and families
 - b) Performing medical treatments
 - c) Diagnosing illnesses
 - d) Conducting research studies
8. Advocacy is an important aspect of medical social work. It involves:
 - a) Promoting patients' rights and access to quality healthcare
 - b) Limiting patients' choices in healthcare decision-making
 - c) Ignoring patients' preferences in care
 - d) Focusing solely on medical treatments

9. Which specialized area in medical social work focuses on supporting patients and families during end-of-life care?

- a) Mental health integration
- b) Palliative care and end-of-life support
- c) Chronic illness management
- d) Resource coordination

10. Medical social workers specializing in chronic illness management focus on:

- a) Providing short-term counseling for patients and families
- b) Promoting peer connections through support groups
- c) Addressing social determinants of health
- d) Managing acute illnesses

11. Which among the following is **not** a component of client case worker relationship?

- (a) Autonomy
- (b) Confidentiality
- (c) Empathy
- (d) Sympathy

12. Social learning theory is associated with _____

- (a) Albert Bandura
- (b) Julian Rotter
- (c) Walter Mischel
- (d) Marx Weber

13. The part of mind that lies on reality is _____

- (a) Id
- (b) Ego
- (c) Super Ego
- (d) Pituitary Gland

14. Which one of the following is **not** a part of social case work process?

- (a) Treatment
- (b) Assessment
- (c) Study
- (d) Content Analysis

15. Advocacy is an important aspect of medical social work. It involves _____:

- a) Promoting patients' rights and access to quality healthcare
- b) Limiting patients' choices in healthcare decision-making
- c) Ignoring patients' preferences in care
- d) Focusing on medical treatments

16. Ethics are deduced from _____?

- a) Mores
- b) Values
- c) Mores
- d) Laws

16. The Freudian psychology emerged in the _____

- a) 1920s
- b) 1930s
- c) 1940s
- d) 1950s

17. Psycho social theory was propagated by _____ -

- a) Sigmund Freud
- b) B.F. Skinner
- c) Hamilton
- d) H.H. Perlman

18. School social worker can best promote effective utilization of school social work services by taking which of the following actions?

- a) digitizing the process of submitting referrals for and accessing social work services
- b) distributing weekly fact sheets to staff spotlighting a specific social work service and its role in the school environment
- c) working with other social workers to centralize procedures for requesting services at the district level
- d) ensuring that members of the school community have a clear understanding of available social work services and how to access them

19. Social workers practice at the following levels **except** for?

- a) Micro
- b) Messo
- c) Macro
- d) Meccro

20. NASW stands for _____

- a) National Academy for Social Work
- b) National Alliance for Social Work
- c) National Association for Social Work
- d) National Assembly for Social workers

SECTION B SHORT ANSWERED QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)

- 1) Explain five interventions used in medical social work (10 MKS)
- 2) Explain 5 types of ethics in medical social work (10 MKS)
- 3) Explain 5 roles of the medical social worker in Community setting (10MKS)
- 4) Explain 5 challenges medical social workers face in their professional practice (10marks)

SECTION C LONG ANSWERED QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)

- 1) Explain with relevant examples, the competencies for medical social work practice (20Marks)
- 2) Describe the historical development of medical social work to its present practice in Kenya(20marks)

